THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE.

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The Pittsburgh Gazette.

SATURDAY, APRIL 7, 1866.

"WILL CONGRESS ACT?"

Congress has acted twice, during the present session, on matters of vital consequence to a proper readjustment of the Union. In each case its action was calm and deliberate. In both instances great efforts were made to act in harmony with the President. He was consulted. The measures were so framed as to meet his approval. Further modifications would cheerfully have been made to secure his cooperation. He gave assurances that he was satisfied. Yet, as soon as those bills were passed, he applied the veto to them. With what grace can the justifiers or apologists of the President insist that Congress shall take prompt action on other matters? The President, by his acts, has placed himself in such a position that neither Congress nor the people can take his word. Of what avail is it for Congress to adopt measures to suit the declared purposes of the Executive, so long as his habit is to say what he does not mean?

REJOICING OVER CONNECTICUT.

On the 4th inst. an immense meeting was held at Harrisburg, in the Court House, to express gratification at the result of the Connecticut election. Gov CURTIN presided. Hon. LEWIS W. HALL, Hon. F. J. BIGHAM, Hon. ROBERT A. BROWNE, Hon. M. B. LOWRY—all members of the Senate—made speeches. The resolutions, four in number, have the right tone. The first sends cheer to the men of Connecticut. The second pledges Pennsylvania to elect Gen GEARY Governor. The third charges that President JOHNSON "has forfeited the confidence of those who elected him." The fourth gives Congress a pledge to stand by it "at all hazards, and in defiance of intimidations and threats from all quarters."

That will do.

THE National *Intelligencer* foreshadows an attempt to overbear Congress by bayonets. After indicating this idea pretty clearly, it concludes:

"The issue is, we think, at last approaching. A crisis must soon come. *Is the Union destroyed, or is Congress revolutionized?* Time, a short time, must show."

Even the New York *Times* vaguely hints that unless the contest between the President and Congress shall be compromised, the most serious consequences are likely to ensue.

THE Titusville *Herald* has just made the discovery that the Hon. C. V. CULVER was absorbed in his private enterprises to an extent which prevented his giving any attention to his public duties as a member of the House of Representatives at Washington. It insists he ought to resign and let the important Petroleum interest of the district find a representative who can give personal attendance at the Capitol.

IN Madison, Wisconsin, at the late election, the Democrats being left without a candidate by the withdrawal of Gen. MILLS, voted for Mr. W. A. NOLAND, a well-known colored man. The next day, in a card, he reprobated the compliment. He, in company with thirty other men of his race, all voted the Union ticket.

JUDGE TRUMBULL is by common consent, a much abler jurist than President JOHNSON. In his review of the Veto of the Civil Rights Bill, he utterly demolished the President's argument against the constitutionality of the measure.

THE President appealed to the people against Congress. The first response was from Connecticut; the second from Rhode Island. The loyal masses stand by Congress.

THE Connecticut Republicans elected their Sheriffs in all the counties of the State but one, and most of the county officers.

Disbursements of the Treasury Department—Troops Ordered to the Platte—Modification of the Test Oath—Army Appointment.

NEW YORK, April 6.—The *Tribune's* Washington special says:—The disbursements of the Treasury Department on account of the War and Navy Departments, for the quarter ending March 31st, were as follows: War Department, for January, $25,251,356; for February, $15,401,395; for March, $8,998,981. Navy Department, for January, $3,517,676; for February, $5,-222,067; for March, $4,353,044. The great increase in the navy expenses for March was occasioned by large remittances abroad for the use of vessels on foreign stations.

The commanding officers of the Tenth and Thirteenth Infantry, and the second battalion of the Eighteenth Infantry, have been ordered to report to Brigadier General Cooke, commanding the Department of the Platte, headquarters at Omaha. In case of the pursuit of mischevious Indians or whites infesting the border line, the troops will act without regard to the boundary lines, simply reporting their action through their own commanding officers to the commanding General of the Department invaded.

The *Times'* Washington special says it is understood that the President will in a day or two send to Congress a message, in which he will suggest a modification of the test oath, in order to enable the re-appointment of revenue officers, &c., of the South, in accordance with the proposition of the heads of departments.

The *Times'* Washington special says: Brevet Colonel James H. Taylor, late Assistant General on General Augur's staff, has been appointed Adjutant General on Lieut.-General Grant's staff in place of the late General Seth Williams.

Freshet at Madison—Great Damage to Railroads.

MADISON, Wis., April 3.—The great thunderstorm and freshet of Sunday and Monday has interrupted all communication by mail and telegraph.

It has been impossible to send anything till to-night.

Several bridges are gone on the Prairie du Chien railroad between here and Black Earth, near Mazomanie, at Boscobel, and the track badly damaged elsewhere. No train has left this city, and probably will not before two or three days. East of here a bridge is gone between Rock river and Edgerton, and considerable track washed away between Watertown Junction and Milwaukee. No train has moved either way since yesterday afternoon. There will probably be none to-morrow on the Beloit branch of the Chicago and Northwestern road. The track has been washed away at Oregon, Evansville and Hanover. The marsh north of this place is covered by the expanse of water from Fourth Lake.

At Lodi, twenty miles northwest of here, five spans have been washed away, and all the bridges between there and Wisconsin river are also swept off. The damage is estimated at $50,000.

CITY ITEMS.

Chiefly.

But not altogether Gas. I extract teeth by Laughing Gas, though I do not fill teeth by its use; the short duration prevents. And here let me say I have not given up this part of the business, for we are preparing to give more attention to filling teeth than heretofore, it being my honest conviction that the natural teeth should be preserved as long as possible; they being better than the production of art. Artificial teeth for ten dollars. O. Sill, dentist, 246 Penn street.

Thomas W. Parry & Co.,

Practical Slate Roofers, and Dealers in American Slate of various colors. Office at Alexander Laughlin's near the Water Works Pittsburgh, Pa. Residence, No. 78 Pike street. Orders promptly attended to. All work warranted water proof. Repairing done at the shortest notice. No charge for repairs, provided the roof is not abused afte. it is put on.

Carpenter Jobbing Shop

Having returned after an absence of three years in the army, I have re-opened my shop for all sorts of jobbing in the carpenter line at the old stand, Virgin Alley, between Smithfield street and Cherry Alley. Orders solicited and promptly attended to.

WILLIAM FOAMM.

Country Merchants

Will find at Barker & Co.'s, 59 Market street, full lines of Prints, Sheetings, Shirtings and other Staple and Fancy Goods at the lowest eastern prices.

CITY ITEMS.

Try
Craig's Soda Water.

April
Magazines, at Pittock's.

Diaries
And Almanacs, at Pittock's.

Excelsior Institute
For Boys and Girls. See advertisement

You Can Buy
A good check for 18¾c at Shellaby & Barclay's.

Opera House.
Greatest bill of the season to-night. Three great Dramas.

You Can Buy
A good print, muslin and crash for 12½c at Shellaby & Barclay's.

Bayard Taylor's,
and other new Books, this week, at Pittock's. Call in as you pass.

Opera House.
Go see the Huntress of the Mississipi, this afternoon. Only 25 cents admission

J. M. Fulton's Drug Store,
Removed to 108 Smithfield street, opposite the Postoffice.

Brougham,
Ada and Minnie Monk Photos, and five thousand others, at Pittock's.

Opera House.
Fifteen Years of a Drunkard's Life. Female Horse-stealer, and Forty Thieves, tonight.

Opera House.
Annie Eberle, Leak, Pike, Graves, and the entire company this afternoon. Only 25 cents admission.

You Can Buy
A good delaine, gingham, ticking, heavy muslin, &c., for 25c at Shellaby & Barclay's, 74 and 76 Market street.

Dry Goods.
For the largest stock, the greatest variety and the lowest prices, go to
BARKER & CO'S, 59 Market street.

A Large Lot
Of fast colored prints reduced from 20 to 12½c. Call and see them at Shellaby & Barclay's original Bee Hive stand, 74 and 76 Market street.

Spring Balmoral Skirts
At $2.50, the cheapest stock opened for a year, at Shellaby & Barclay's. Don't buy a skirt until you have seen this stock.

Brown's Vermifuge Comfits
Are fast taking the place of all worm remedies. Wholesale and retail agent for Pittsburgh, Joseph Fleming's Drug Store, No. 84 Market street.

Catarrh.
Dr. Gardner, who has been meeting with great success in the treatment of Catarrh, will again visit this city, on Tuesday, April 17th, and remain here until the 21st. He treats Catarrh by the use of warm medicated inhalation. Office Monongahela House. Read his advertisement.

Notwithstanding
Dry Goods are advancing in the eastern markets, Shellaby & Barclay are still selling at reduced prices their stock of domestic goods, such as prints, ginghams, bleached and unbleached muslins, checks, tickings, delaines, &c. Call early and secure some bargains at the old Bee Hive stand, 74 and 76 Market street, between Fourth street and the Diamond.

There Seems to be Matrimonial

Difficulties in other parts of the world as well as in America, and trials—we mean *court trials*, not domestic ones—arising therefrom. In a case recently before the London Courts, a wife gives evidence that her husband put her into an omnibus, saying "he would be home to dinner," and that he had not returned. This reminds us that Pittock, opposite the Postoffice, has received new Albums, Gold Pens, Pocket Books, &c.

Spring and Summer Goods.

The well-known store of Mr. John Weier, Merchant Tailor, No. 126 Federal street, Allegheny, has been lately fitted up with a new assortment of spring and summer goods. The stock has been well selected, and embraces all the numberless articles needed for gentlemen's garments. A large stock of ready-made pants, coats, vests, &c., will also be found in his establishment. His stock of furnishing goods cannot be surpassed. Persons desiring to purchase a good suit of clothes would do well by giving Mr. Weier a call.

The Ship Ann Schmidt.

Which was destroyed by the Alabama off the coast of South America, had on board a quantity of Ayer's Cherry Pectoral for California. Dr. Ayer & Co. now appeal for redress direct to the British Government, as the responsible party in this wicked business, and base their claim for payment and protection on the ground of humanity, as their humanities are wholly for the sick. Their point is well taken, and will doubtless be presented with the pluck and persistency which characterize the operations of these celebrated chemists.—*Baltimore Clipper.*

The Cholera.

Dr Bigelow, a noted physician of Boston, says:

"From our past observations I do not believe that cholera, should it appear in this country, will be so likely to trouble New England as it is to visit the maisarious regions of the South and West."

Among all the many different remedies advertised there are none that act so completely as an antidote to this *malarious poison*, and which give vigor and strength than Dr. ROBACK'S STOMACH BITTERS and BLOOD PILLS. The *Blood Pills* act directly on the liver, causing it to throw off the deleterious matter, and the *Bitters* restore the appetite and invigorate the whole system, thoroughly keeping off the terrible scourge, cholera.

Is it Laughing Gas You Want?

Dr. C. King, 47 Smithfield street, administers Nitrate Oxide, or Laughing Gas, in extracting teeth. Our gas is as pure and painless as that given by any other Dentist, and quite as full of dream romance, travel, and *machine poetry*; as to the merits of the gas, that has been thoroughly exhausted by Pittsburgh Dentists. It is a very pleasant anesthetic, simple in manufacture and administration. Like other anesthetics, in many cases its success is gratifying both to the patient and operator, and in others not so much so. Nitrate Oxide is being used by many successful Dentists, while many prominent men in the profession discard it altogether. As to the beauty, durability and adaptation of our artificial teeth, we defy competition, while our surgical operations are brought to the highest standard.

Irresponsible Counterfeiters.

One of the most serious annoyances which the proprietors of an article in unusual demand have to encounter is the piratical imitation of it by parties equally unscrupulous and irresponsible. If an individual or a firm with *means* engages in this nefarious business, the damages awarded by a court of justice for the offense are collectable, and it is some satisfaction to the party wronged that the wrongdoer is made to suffer; but in most cases the *pirates* are *men of straw*, who cannot respond in dollars to the law's award.

Hostetter's Stomach Bitters being a *Standard Tonic*, marketable everywhere, and representing the value affixed to it as accurately as a National Bank bill represents the amount expressed on its face, has been extensively counterfeited and simulated. The proprietors have spent many thousand dollars in *hunting up* and *hunting down* irresponsible individuals and firms who have given their minds to this dirty work. These parties—some of them, at least—have a way of changing their *business*, though they never change their *business*. When an injunction is laid upon them in one part of the country they sometimes "vamoose" to another, and try the trick again. In some cases it is necessary to kill them two or three times over. Perhaps the best thing that can be done under these circumstances is to "*try an injunction*" upon all who use the Bitters to buy only of dealers whom they can trust. In every city, town and village in the United States and British America this famous tonic, alterative and protective medicine may be procured of reliable men of business.

Hostetter's Bitters

Are sold wholesale and retail at very low rates at Fleming's Drug and Patent Medicine Depot, No 66 Market street, corner of the Diamond and Fourth street.

THE LATEST NEWS
BY TELEGRAPH.

PENNSYLVANIA LEGISLATURE.

Special Dispatch to the Pittsburgh Gazette.

HARRISBURG, April 6, 1866.

SENATE.

The following bills passed finally:

An act to incorporate the Pittsburgh and Colorado Gold Mining Company. An act to authorize the Pittsburgh and Connellsville Railroad Company to change a portion of their road. An act to incorporate the National Trust Company of Pittsburgh. An act to incorporate the Germania Grocery and Produce Association of Allegheny county. An act to incorporate the Fort Pitt Insurance Co. of Pittsburgh. An act authorizing the School Directors of the Fourth ward Pittsburgh, to use the balance of the bounty tax in their hands for building purposes. An act authorizing school directors of any ward, borough or township in Allegheny county to assess the amount necessary to close up bounty taxes. An act compelling railroad and other corporations to pay counsel fees of plaintiffs in certain cases.

Mr. Bigham called up an act incorporating the borough of Mount Washington. Passed finally.

Mr. Graham read in place an act incorporating the Merchants' National Telegraph Company. Passed.

An act to incorporate the Monongahela Valley Railroad was passed finally.

The Committee appointed to investigate the truth of the article which appeared in the *Dispatch* made a report asking leave to be continued after the close of the session. The report met considerable opposition, but passed finally by a vote of fifty to twenty, all the Allegheny delegation voting in the affirmative.

Mr. Quay read in place an act authorizing railroad companies to elect persons not citizens of this state Directors, which passed finally.

FROM WASHINGTON.

Modification of the Test Oath.

STATISTICS OF THE WAR IN MEXICO.

Internal Revenue Matters.

POSTMASTER GENERAL'S REPORT.

Civil Rights Bill Passed the Senate.

WASHINGTON, April 6.—President Johnson has sent a message to Congress recommending a modification of the test oath passed in 1862.

The Senate galleries are again densely filled to-day, to witness the proceedings on the message of the President vetoing the Civil Rights bill.

Senator Wright, of New Jersey, appeared and took his seat in the Senate.

Senator Dixon, of Connecticut, at 1 o'clock had not arrived.

Secretary McCulloch and Postmaster-General Dennison have sent communications to the Senate asking for a modification of the test oath for office-holders. Several persons now hold places who cannot take the oath, therefore no salaries are paid them.

The Treasury Department has received a dispatch from the United States Consul at Sheffield, relative to the tinderpest, enclosing a certificate, based on scientific authority, showing by a large amount of evidence that an animal may be regarded as absolutely free, if it does not exhibit signs of disorder within ten days after being exposed to the contagion.

The following is a translation of an extract taken from the *La Sembe*, a newspaper published in the city of Mexico:

According to the official dispatches which have been published during the last seven months, from the 15th of August, 1865, last, from the arrival of Maximilian, there took place one hundred and twenty-two engagements between the French and Mexicans, of more or less importance, in which there were 1,330 killed and 3,277 wounded. In the year 1863 the number of engagements was 221, in which there were killed 2,500, wounded 5,000, and 3,850 wounded and 2,578 killed, both in the first seven months. There was an average of seventeen engagements per month, while in the remaining nine months there has been nearly one a day, with the difference that the number of killed has fallen from an average of eight to five, the engagements were from fifteen to seventeen per month, while December they had already reached thirty-four.

The Commissioner of Internal Revenue, under the direction of the Secretary of the Treasury, in order to consolidate the internal revenue tax, will not require of farmers the return of the value of their farm products consumed by themselves and families. The instructions to the Assessors will speedily authorize this. Appended to this letter of the Secretary of the Treasury are the names of forty-nine persons acting as Assessors and Solicitors in the Southern States who have not taken the oath of office. Without contradicting it is added that there are undoubtedly others whose names have not been read. It appears from a letter of the Commissioner of Customs that the following amendments were voted Custom officers who have taken the oath in a modified form: James M. Matthews, Collector, Rappahannock, Virginia; Wm. S. Croit, Collector, Pocomoke, Maryland; Harold Hatcher, Forney, Surveyor, Yecomo, Virginia; William Letchy, Surveyor, Charleston, South Carolina; M. McRobison, Special Examiner of Drugs, and Edgar M. Cullen, and J. F. Weaver, Appraiser, Charleston, South Carolina.

The Postmaster General in his communication says: As a means of restoring the business interests of the country, there is no subject in the re-establishment of their constitutional relations with the government, it was deemed important by the President and Cabinet that the mails should be introduced and post offices be reopened in those States as rapidly as possible, to which end the energies of the Department have promptly and have been continuously directed. Various causes have doubtless contributed to the fall, ure in accomplishing all that was hoped for-but that none can be justly charged by the acts of July 24, 1866, and March 3d, 1865, has not been the least, while it has been the one to which my attention has been most frequently called. This, he is inclined to believe, has not been owing exclusively to the fact that loyal persons who could take the oath, but to the limited compensation of most of the offices offering insufficient inducements to persons to accept as postmasters, and to the unwillingness of many who might otherwise act, to do so on account of the inconvenience and compromise of their positions, which would be the result of refusing the oath, when the majority of their neighbors consist of those who had, in sense, forwarded the rebellion. To overcome these difficulties, in part, recourse has been had to the appointment of women as postmistresses, which has proved to be of doubtful utility to the service, and recently has compelled the appointment of very many ignorant persons, incompetent to discharge the duties of their offices. As a remedy for the latter, the Postmaster General suggests a modification of the oath, by inserting the word "voluntarily," immediately preceding the word "sought," so that the clause would read "that he has neither voluntarily sought nor accepted nor attempted to exercise the functions of any office whatever under any authority or pretended authority in hostility to the United States."

After enumerating the advantages to be derived from the proposed amendment, he says: It may be interesting, and, therefore, that the mail routes in operation in the disloyal States at the breaking out of the rebellion, the service of 787 only has been restored, and that of 8,962 post offices only 3,607 are in use, only 2,042 appointments of postmasters have been made, of whom 1,177 only were qualified for office, 747 of them being males and 430 females.

The Senate has passing the civil rights bill over the President's veto, by a vote of 33 yeas, to 15 nays.

THE CREVASSE NEAR NEW ORLEANS.

Southern Methodist Conference.

THE CROP PROSPECTS IN THE SOUTH

NEW ORLEANS, April 6.—The crevasse continues to increase. There is a flood in the country. The weather is fair and laborers are unwilling to work.

The Baltimore delegation to the Methodist Conference was warmly welcomed. Eloquent speeches were made, congratulating the Conference on its noble sufficiency. Bishop Janes, of the New York *Watchman*, said the Church was more vigorous and sound than ever before or since the war ordied. The Baltimore Conference replied sympathetically. An official address of the same purport was read. Presbyterian clergy were present and were warmly welcomed.

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CONGRESSIONAL PROCEEDINGS.

THE VETO MESSAGE.

The Civil Rights Bill Passed Over the President's Veto.

HOW THE SENATORS VOTED.

Brooks Declared Not Entitled to a Seat in the House.

WASHINGTON CITY, April 6.

SENATE.

Mr. Morgan presented the petition of the New York Savings Banks, asking for such a modification of the Revenue laws as will exempt the savings of the poor from taxation. The petition was referred to the Committee on Finance.

Several petitions for equal and just laws to regulate State Insurance were presented and referred to the Committee on Commerce.

Mr. Lane, of Kansas, offered a joint resolution for the admission of the States lately in rebellion to representation in Congress, on condition of their repudiating the rebel debt, endorsing the federal debt, annulling all ordinances of secession, and granting the right of suffrage to such colored people as can read or write and pay tax on $250 worth of property.

Mr. Lane spoke of the necessity for immediate action on the subject of reconstruction to save the Republican party from crumbling to pieces.

The resolution was ordered to lie upon the table for the present.

Mr. Van Winkle, of Western Virginia, reported, with amendments, the bill supplementary to the several acts relating to pensions.

Mr. Fessenden introduced a bill to amend the act to provide a national currency by a pledge of of United States bonds, which was referred to the Committee on Finance.

At twenty o'clock the message of the President vetoing the Civil Rights Bill was taken up.

Mr. Lane spoke at length in defence of the President and in support of his policy.

Mr. Trumbull contended against the policy of the President.

Mr. Lane responded to some personal remarks of Mr. Wade.

Mr. Doolittle wished that the Civil Rights bill could be placed in charge of the Judiciary Committee to frame supplementary to the members of Congress. He was in favor of preserving amicable relations between Congress and the Executive. Although he had received instructions from the Legislature of his State to vote for the bill, he should not do so.

Mr. Dawes disapproved the bill and favored the veto. He said that if the bill became a law he should feel compelled to regard himself an enemy of the Government and to work for its overthrow.

Mr. Saulsbury said that he should consider the passage of the bill as inaugurating a revolution which would lead to bloodshed, war and disunion.

Mr. Yates urged the members to march forward in the performance of their duty, and to do it now and hereafter.

The vote was then taken—Shall the bill pass, the President's veto to the contrary not withstanding?

YEAS—Messrs. Anthony, Brown, Chandler, Clark, Conness, Cragin, Creswell, Edmunds, Fessenden, Foster, Grimes, Harris, Henderson, Howard, Howe, Kerwood, Lane, of Indiana, Morgan, Morrill, Nye, Poland, Pomeroy, Ramsey, Sprague, Stewart, Sumner, Trumbull, Wade, Wiley, Williams, Wilson and Yates—33.

NAYS—Messrs. Buckalew, Cowan, Davis, Doolittle, Guthrie, Hendricks, Johnson, Lane, of Kansas; McDougall, Nesmith, Morton, Riddle, Saulsbury, Van Winkle, Wright—15. Absent, Mr. Dixon.

Senator Morgan re-considered his vote in the affirmative, the galleries applauded loudly, and the Chair announced amidst a great applause, that the bill having received a two-third vote had became a law, but subsequently corrected, the vote had passed the Senate.

On motion of Mr. Trumbull, the secretary of the Senate was ordered to communicate to the House a copy of the veto measure, together with the result of the vote above given.

The Senate adjourned at 5.20 P. M. to meet on Monday next.

HOUSE.

Mr. Paine, of Wisconsin, presented a resolution, adopted by the Chamber of Commerce of Milwaukee, in regard to the Bankrupt Law, which was referred to the Select Committee on that subject.

The regular order of business being the call of Committees for reports of a private nature, Mr. Harding, of Illinois, Mr. Sawyer, Lawrence, of Penna., Stillwell and Van Arman, from the Committee on Invalid Pensions, made a large number of reports, which were acted upon as follows: Passed these bills to grant a pension of seventeen dollars per month to the widow of Col. John Pickell, of the Mexican war, which was vetoed; $30 killed and $27 wounded. In the year 1863 the number of engagements was 221, in which there were killed 2,500, wounded 5,000, taken prisoners, with the first seven months. There was an average of seventeen engagements per month, while in the remaining nine months there has been nearly one a day, with the difference that the number of killed has fallen from an average of eight to five, the engagements were from fifteen to seventeen per month, with December they had already reached thirty-four.

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Fires in New York—Several Fires Burning at Once—The Clarendon Hotel Destroyed—Heavy Loss of Property.

NEW YORK, April 6.—The Claremont Hotel, on Fulton street, conducted by J. B. Jones, was almost destroyed by fire this morning. The premises of J. S. Thornburn, on John street, were slightly damaged by water.

A fire also broke out on the corner of Broadway, No. 231, and Barclay street, destroying an old building formerly known as Rixby's Hotel.

Building No. 229, occupied by H. J. Barry as a hotel and restaurant was also destroyed. Loss, $60,000; insured for $40,000. It was owned by Mr. W. Gregor, and valued at $40,000 insured. The total loss by this fire is $200,000. The fire is supposed to have originated from a furnace in the basement.

Buildings Nos. 200 and 204 Broadway are also badly damaged by fire. No. 202 is almost entirely destroyed.

The heaviest losses are L. B. Wolfe & Co., $50,000; Monselle & Co. $7,000; Brown & Co., amount unascertained, and J. A. Hamilton, owner, $50,000. All fully insured in city companies.

The losers by the Fulton street fire were Geo. Richmond, boot and shoe dealer, $30,000, insured; W. J. Sharp, billiard table maker, $25,000, partially insured; James Eustace, Jr., clothier, $25,000, insured; Wm. B. Griffith, billiard table maker, $25,000, partly insured. These parties occupied stores Nos. 146, 148 and 150 Fulton street. The building No. 202 Broadway was also destroyed, occupied by Knapp & Sheffen, clothiers, Sherman, Corsets, and others. The Clarenden Hotel, on Fulton street, as before stated, was destroyed. The total loss is $500,000.

A woman is missing, supposed to have lost life. An old man named Stelnhauck was found in one building, almost dead, and removed to the hospital.

Other fires occurred further up town this morning, but were of no particular consequence.

Junction Between the Missouri & Pacific and Union Pacific Railroads Completed.

ST. LOUIS, April 6.—The last rail between Kansas City, Missouri, and Wyandotte, Kansas, joining the Missouri Pacific and Union Pacific Railroads, was laid on Monday last by the principal officers of each road. On Tuesday the new Board of Directors of the Union Pacific and a number of the friends of the road took a tour of inspection to Salt Creek, the present terminus of the road, ninety miles west of Wyandotte. The road will be ready for traffic to Fort Riley early in June, giving 375 miles of direct rail west of St. Louis.

Steamers Collided

NEW YORK, April 6.—The steamer City of New London arrived here this morning from New London, having been in a collision, Capt. Smith reports, on the afternoon, at ten o'clock, when off Eaton's Neck, he was run into by the steamer Monitor, which left here last night for Derby. The New London was struck about midships on the stern, and cut almost completely through the hull, and below the water line, having a tight bulk-head, she makes little water. The Monitor was also badly stove and was run ashore in the harbor; her passengers were brought here by the New London. Nobody was injured.

Fast Day Appointed by the Governor of Michigan.

DETROIT, April 6.—Governor Crapo has, by proclamation, Appointed the 26th of April as a day for fasting, humiliation and prayer. After alluding to the defeat of the armed rebellion, the antagonism between the ruling powers at Washington, and apprehensions for the safety of the Government, the Governor says: After the suppression of the republic upon the broad principles of right, humanity, justice and eternal truth, when all men, irrespective of caste or color, shall be equal in the eyes of the law.

Senator Lane on the Veto.

WASHINGTON, D. C., April 6.—Senator Lane, of Kansas, about whom some doubts have existed as to his vote on the Civil Rights Bill, made a speech in the senate to-day, supporting the veto of the President, and defending him from the charges made against him by Senator Wade, of despotism, dictatorship and treachery. There were many members of the House of Representatives on the floor of the Senate, and these, with those who fill the galleries, were apparently intensely interested in the proceedings.

The Rochester Bank Panic.

ALBANY April 6.—The bank panic at Rochester continues. Another of the banks of that city, who was doing business in deposits suspended to-day for want of currency. His friends are confident that he will resume soon. A run has been made all day upon the paying tellers of the banking concern, but has had no impression. He has stacks of money and will keep open until after o'clock to-night and resume at six o'clock to-morrow morning. Good business men deposit with him freely to-day. The panic is regarded as a silly one, by their best influenced in monetary affairs.

Mass Meeting of Workingmen.

NEW YORK, April 6.—A mass meeting of the workingmen of New York and Brooklyn, was held last evening in Tompkins square, for the purpose of agitating the eight hour labor movement. Four stands were erected, three for English and one for German speakers. The procession was headed by bands of music and bearers of torches.

Trial of a Monitor.

FORTRESS MONROE, April 4.—The ironclad Monitor Miantonomah, with Admiral Goldsborough and staff on board, in the steamer De Soto as convoy, started this morning on a cruise of four days towards the Bermuda Islands on a trial trip, to test the sea going qualities of the monitor, after which both vessels will proceed to New York.

New York Legislature—Important Bills Passed.

ALBANY, April 6.—The bill to incorporate the Niagara Ship Canal Company, passed by a vote of 79 yeas, to 31 nays.

The New York Central Railroad fare bill passed by a vote of 72 yeas to 48 nays.

Case of Jeff. Davis.

NEW YORK, April 6.—The *Times'* Richmond correspondent telegraphs that after consultation, it has been agreed by the friends of Jeff. Davis that a motion will be made for a writ of habeas corpus for the present, because of the embarrassment it would be to President Johnson.

Bonded Warehouse at Cairo

CAIRO, April 6.—A movement is on foot favoring the establishment of a bonded warehouse at this place, and the assistant Secretary of the Treasury has directed the Surveyor of Customs to ascertain if a suitable place can be obtained.

Arrests for Arson

NEW YORK, April 6.—Five servant girls, who were employed in a restaurant destroyed by fire this morning, were taken by the police and placed in custody. They are detained by request of the Fire Marshal.

Exportation of Silver

NEW YORK, April 6.—The steamer Bremen, to-morrow, will take to Europe about $850,000 in silver bars.

CITY AND SUBURBAN.

Thespian Exhibition—The Audience in a Fright.

The "Excelsior Thespian Club," of North Fayette township, gave an exhibition at Hickory, Washington county, on Thursday evening, May 3d, 1866, giving the two-act drama of "The Mountain Boy," the domestic drama of "The Foodles," and the farce of "Stage Struck Yankee." The "youth and beauty" of Hickory and vicinity were out in their might, and the exhibition was a complete success. The exhibition was given for the benefit of several families of the Thespians that are in destitute circumstances, and the price of admission was fixed at fifty cents—a high figure for a country exhibition—yet regardless of this the people showed their liberality by turning out *en masse* and pitching in their fifty cent shinplasters with a lib ral hand. The members of the Thespian Club will no doubt hold the people of the village in lasting remembrance for their universal courtesy and liberality whilst they sojourned in the village. Only one little accident occurred to mar the enjoyment of the fair and jovial crowd. Performances were about to commence, the stove in the hall was knocked over and for a time all was confusion. The cry of "fire" was immediately raised, and the ladies became somewhat startled, some of them rushing for the door. Messrs. G. W. Baldwin and R. W. Miller, members of Club, acted in great promptness and presence of mind, rushed from behind the scenes and extinguished the fire before it had made any considerable headway.

Warm Weather Coming.

The delightful spring season is upon us; balmy May is fast approaching, bringing with it all the delights of nature—the singing of birds, the fragrance of the budding flowers—making out-door exercise attractive. The ladies, looking careworn and tired of in-door staying during the dull winter months, can be seen with smiling countenances to promenade the thoroughfares. The first thought, however, will be to them that winter clothing is too heavy, and spring goods would be more suitable to the weather, and then the question arises among the fair ones where to go and make a good selection. If they would listen to our advice, and we are sure they will, we would say to them go to Messrs. Thompson & Groetzinger, corner of Federal and Water streets, Allegheny. We can speak by the book. We have seen their assortment of summer goods, and we were amazed to see such a large display of taste and variety. The goods are purchased under the direction of one of the members of the firm, and their assortment is being daily renewed, thus giving them facilities to have on hand always the latest styles. Their assortment of summer goods, light silks, lawns barèges and balgorines cannot be surpassed by any house in the city. Their prices are also reasonable, that we are sure no lady can enter their store without making a purchase. Take our advice, and give them a call.

New Methodist Episcopal Church Organization.—On Sunday afternoon last a

meeting was held in the M. E. Mission school House, on Bidwell street, Allegheny, for the purpose of organizing a new church enterprise. The Presiding Elder of the district, Rev. J. Williams, opened the meeting by reading a Scripture lesson, singing and prayer. George R. Riddle, Esq., was appointed Secretary. Thirty-seven church members entered the new organization, and one probationer was received. When these names were recorded by the secretary and read to the meeting, the organization was completed, by appointing Rev. Isaac Aikan to the charge of the congregation, hereafter to be known as the North Avenue M. E. Church of Allegheny City.

Allegheny County Teachers' Institute.

FRIDAY'S PROCEEDINGS.

The Association assembled at nine o'clock, and was opened with prayer by Rev. John Mortimer.

Mr. S. Andrews, of Duquesne borough, was then introduced, and delivered a lecture on "English Grammar." In opening the gentleman made a few remarks on the importance and application of grammar, and then reviewed the subject in detail, giving illustrations of his form of analysis. On the conclusion of the gentleman's remarks, a very animated and interesting discussion ensued on the subject, which was participated in by Messrs. Burtt, Curry, Luckey and Mortimer.

After a recess of fifteen minutes the Association was again called to order, and Miss Salina Ackley read a well written essay entitled "Education essential to happiness."

S. P. Bates, L. L. D., Deputy State Superintendent, was then introduced, and delivered a brief address. In opening, the gentleman read a section of the school law, in reference to the qualification to be possessed by teachers in the public schools. He then referred to the opinion held by some that the requirements of the law should apply to teachers employed in the primary grades of the city schools, and argued that such teachers should have

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

SATURDAY, APRIL 7, 1866.

FOR GOVERNOR:

MAJ. GEN. JOHN W. CEARY,

OF CUMBERLAND COUNTY.

NOTICE TO ADVERTISERS.

Notice is hereby given that hereafter all TRANSIENT advertisements received at this office must be paid for when handed in, except in the case of yearly advertisers, whose bills will be rendered quarterly, as usual. Advertisers will please make a note of this, as the rule of cash payments for advertisements of the character stated, will be inflexibly enforced.

The price of our paper is THREE CENTS at the counter or from newsboys. Served by carriers at FIFTEEN CENTS per week.

PRESIDENT JOHNSON ON THE VETO POWER.

In 1860 Congress passed a Homestead bill. President BUCHANAN vetoed it. Mr. ANDREW JOHNSON was at that time a Senator from Tennessee. He advocated the bill and voted for it. He wanted his own way, and did not want the President to have his. He thought Congress was *the* power in the nation, and of right ought to be. He cordially reprobated a magnifying of the Executive prerogative. So he gave vent to a speech; not a tame, pointless ebullition of dissatisfaction, but a rousing condemnation of the veto power. Said he, "when there is a two-thirds vote for a measure, I say it is against the spirit of the Constitution for the Executive to say, No, you shall not have this measure; I will take all the chances of vetoing it." "And again," says ANDREW JOHNSON, in the same speech, "when a measure has been passed by a two-thirds vote of both Houses, after a discussion of fifteen years (the two bills vetoed by ANDREW JOHNSON, although not discussed for fifteen years, were intended to cure the atrocities and oppressions of more than fifty years), showing that it is not hasty or improvident legislation, I say respect to the public judgment of the nation, respect to both Houses of Congress should have been a great inducement for the Executive to approve such a bill."

Mr. JOHNSON is not now a Senator. He is more. He is President; and as such, delights in setting himself up in opposition to Congress by means of his prerogative. It matters nothing to him that a bill has received the assent of two thirds of the members of each House. He rather likes to confront formidable obstacles. And this may explain, to some degree, why the President encouraged Congress to go on, nature and pass the Freedmen's Bureau Bill and the Civil Rights Bill, giving them to understand that he approved, and was ready to sign both those measures. He desired to show his contempt of the Houses, and of the whole principle of representative government; to demonstrate that the will of one man could be made to stand in place of the chosen legislators of the States and people.

GETTING TIRED OF THE RADICALS.

The Conservative Republicans propose holding a State Convention at Pittsburgh, in July, for the nomination of a State ticket. Hon. Edgar Cowan is spoken of as a probable candidate for Governor.—*New Castle Gazette.*

It doubtless forms a part of the Presidential programme to have a third candidate for Governor run in Pennsylvania; with the expectation of drawing off votes enough from Gen. GEARY to secure the success of Mr CLYMER. This explains the intimation given in many of the newspapers that a series of changes will shortly be instituted in the office-holding class. What is contemplated is to put in mainly republicans of such easy virtue that they will contribute to this result.

In New Jersey indications are also thrown out of the introduction of a similar movement.

This is what is meant by assurances that the President will fight out his controversy with Congress strictly within the republican lines. He and his associates conclude that more than twice as many republican votes can be obtained for third tickets than can be secured directly for democratic candidates.

Here in Allegheny county persons are busily employed in sounding gentlemen of respectability and influence as to what appointments will induce them to sell their principles and go by this back-door process, into the copperhead ranks. We shall see who consent to take the bribes.

ANOTHER PROMISE BROKEN.

The opening sentences of Mr. TRUMBULL'S review of the Veto of the Civil Rights Bill ought not to be forgotten. They are these:

MR. PRESIDENT: I fully share with the President of the United States in the regret expressed that he is unable to sign the bill to protect all persons in the United States in their civil rights and to furnish the means of their vindication. I regret it on my own account, because of the disappointment, because the just expectations raised when *this bill was presented to the President, before its introduction to the Senate, have been disappointed.*

Farther on the Judge makes the additional statement, that a copy of the bill was left with the President, pending the debates in the Houses, with the request that he would frankly point out any objections he might feel to it, and "he never indicated to me, nor, so far as I know, to any of its friends, the least objection to any of the provisions of the bill till after its passage."

In plain English, the President assured Judge TRUMBULL he was in favor of the bill; it was then introduced and passed; the President recanted his assent, vetoed the bill, and he and his friends complain that Congress is needlessly at loggerheads with the Executive.

FENIANISM.—The New York journals confirm what was hinted by telegraph, that the Fenians have actually initiated a military movement under the leadership of B. D. KILLAN, as Lieutenant General, attended by four Major Generals. New Brunswick is the point menaced. The rendezvous of the assailing forces is Machias, Me. From thence vessels will take them to Campo Bello Island. The city of St. Johns is forty miles off.

It is claimed that 25,000 men can be speedily thrown upon New Brunswick. As soon as a foothold is secured, the Republic of Emmetta will be proclaimed, and JOHN O'MAHONEY elected President, and the whole machinery of a government established.

Meantime, the British authorities and people are not idle. The order to muster out the militia has been rescinded, troops are rapidly forwarded to the border, and a heavy reinforcement of regulars from England are announced as on the way out.

ENOUGH OF THAT.—The Leavenworth (Kansas) *Daily Bulletin* has hoisted the name of Lieut Gen. ULYSSES S. GRANT as the candidate for President in 1866, while the McGregor *News* does the same, with the addition of Gen. ANDREW J. HAMILTON, of Texas, for Vice President. Gen. HAMILTON may be a good man; but we have had enough of the Vice President's taken from the South. We do not want to be JOHNSONIZED next time.

HAS CHAOS COME AGAIN?—Intimations have been given that the Republican leaders are considering the propriety of not closing the present session of Congress until the new one shall open next December. Considerable speculation has been indulged as to the cause of this unusual proposition. *Wilkes' Spirit of the Times*, in a powerful article, under the above caption, makes this explanation:

"The President will then formally summon the Representatives and Senators of *all the States*, to meet at Washington, IN EXTRA SESSION. The present majority of the two houses, which will then be in minority, will of course dispute the right of the Representatives and Senators of the eleven unadmitted States to meet with them in council; whereupon, it is expected, that the President will recognize the new majority as the true Congress of the United States, and assign to them the official chambers of the Capitol. The then minority, deprived of a President, deprived too of their statutory forums and even of Presidential recognition, will perforce be driven to convene apart, in some unofficial place. Assuming, nevertheless, still to be the true and only Congress, and as such, to have majority enough, within itself, to be independent of the Presidential veto or approval, it will go on with its legislation, and endeavor to establish its authority under the auspices of the Supreme Court. Here will be two separate, distinct, and rival Governments in operation; not divided between the sections, as was projected by the overthrown rebellion, but angrily confronting one another, within the narrow circle of the Capitol."

If there is no adjournment there can be no extra session.

A Specimen of English Humanity.

(From a Letter in a London Paper.)

Last Monday, at the Tower of London, I stood on the spot Anne Boleyn was executed; put my thumb into the thumbscrews taken from the Spanish inquisition, and touched the spiked collar from the same place and age; and I thanked Heaven that these were fossils of a past human stratum, kept only for the curious to visit. Then I went home, and got into some confusion as to the country I was living in, reading some authentic reports concerning the treatment of free negroes in South Carolina. This confusion was enhanced by the following report, sent back by the correspondent sent out to Jamaica by the *Morning Star*, of the treatment of an old man named Chisholm, to make him confess that he knew of Gordon's complicity with the rebellion:

"Shortly after the riot (about which Chisholm knows nothing, having been absent from the bay at the time) Ramsay burst into his house, followed by sailors, &c., and accompanied by a local dignitary, whose name for the present I suppress. 'You know George William Gordon?' exclaimed Ramsay. 'I do,' was the reply. 'You know he advised you to kill the white people?' 'I know nothing of the kind,' said Chisholm; 'Mr. Gordon was a man of peace, and always told us to obey the law and pay our taxes.' Here a sailor, at a signal from Ramsay, struck the old man over the neck and shoulders with the cat. 'I ask you again, did not George William Gordon advise you to kill the white people at Christmas?' 'No,' said Chisholm. The cat was again applied, and the scene continued until the blood ran down the old man's back. Irritated by his persistency, Ramsay or the sailor twisted the thong of the cat around their own hand, and struck poor old Chisholm over the head with the handle, felling him to the ground. The blood streamed over his face and saturated his clothes, and in this condition he was hurried away to prison. His wife and children, witnesses of this horrid brutality, were also taken and thrust into jail, and all of them—the old man with his bloody clothes unchanged—were forced to witness the executions. They were detained until martial law put an end to their tyrant's power.

Terrible Catastrophe.

This morning about one o'clock the dam just above the city, on the Milwaukee river, gave way, letting loose an immense volume of water. It rushed through the gorge with a thundering noise, arousing the whole neighborhood.

The cataract thus let loose carried everything in its way—docks, boats and houses. In a moment the water raised the river over eight feet.

The wreck of the old steamer Nile, which has been lying in the river above Cherry street bridge, was carried down against the east end of the bridge with such force as to sever it from its abutments, and send it down the stream. This carried with it quite a number of shops and small frame buildings which were in that vicinity. Chestnut street bridge was struck on the west end by the floating wreck of Cherry street bridge, and turned completely round with a whirl which drove it off its centre. All of one side of the bridge is torn away. The piers of the Oneida street bridge are considerably damaged, and it is otherwise out of gear. Spring street bridge is greatly damaged. The upper pier is completely demolished, and a part of the bridge torn away. Huron street bridge is slightly damaged. The wreck had become so demolished by the time it reached that bridge that it sustained no serious injury.

It was a grand but terrible sight to witness the immense body of water bearing on its bosom, with resistless force, the dark mass of timber, houses and logs, crushing everything in its path as if it were at sport. The darkness lent additional terrors to the scene, and the shouts of those who had congregated to witness the destruction the torrent was creating, added to the roaring and rushing of the mass of ice and water, created a perfect pandemonium.

The loss cannot be less than a million dollars, and will probably be double that amount. The ravages of the freshet are not yet finished, but will probably continue for several days.—*Milwaukee Sentinel.*

When to Revive the Democratic Party.

Senator Sherman told this good thing in his speech at Bridgeport, Conn., the other day:

"A modern Democrat came to a distinguished Democrat of the State of Ohio, (Governor Tod,) last fall, after the war had ended, and said: 'Now, my friend, you supported Lincoln all through the war; now the war is over; you have had everything your own way; and now suppose we start again the old Democratic party.' 'Well,' said the old Ohio Democrat, 'I don't know but that would be a good thing; I like the Democratic party; I was raised in it, and I stuck to it until it deserted the country and went over to the rebels. I don't know but it would be a good thing to revive and purify the old party, but I would not do it just yet.' 'Ah, said his friend, 'when would you do it, then?' 'My friend,' said the Ohio Democrat, 'when the Union party shall have discharged in full all the obligations it has assumed during this war; when it shall have paid all the pensions that are due to the widows of soldiers; when it shall have paid every dollar of the national debt incurred during the war; when it shall have punished all the rebels; when, in short, it shall have accomplished all that it has promised to do, then I am willing that the old Democratic party should be revived. I am not willing to trust the Democratic party to perform obligations that they opposed in their contracting. I prefer to see it done myself—to pay my own debts myself.'"

A Sharp Corner.

The shippers of grain in this city have been served with a notice that they must pay to the Assessor of Internal Revenue one dollar on every one thousand dollars in value of grain shipped East during the year 1865. This note created a good deal of excitement on 'Change yesterday among shippers, and resulted in a call of the shippers of grain at the Board of Trade rooms to take into consideration the subject matter. The Assessor of Internal Revenue construes the law to this effect, viz: that the dealer is to pay one tenth, and the broker one eighth of one per cent. on all sales. The shipper here is the dealer under this construction, and the consignee at Buffalo or New York is the broker. Shippers here have already paid the one eighth of one per cent. on their sales at Buffalo or New York, and the Assessor now calls upon them for one tenth, or one dollar for every one thousand dollars of their shipments.—*Chicago Republican.*

A COLLEGE of the New England stamp is to be erected upon Lookout Mountain, the scene of General Hooker's famous battle in the clouds. A retired merchant of New York has purchased four hundred acres of land, including twenty-one buildings erected by the government. It is expected that the college will be opened next May, with accommodations for eighty students.

GENERAL NEWS.

A PRESIDENT IS EMBRYO.—The Mobile *Register*, of March 29th, says: A friend drew from his pocket, yesterday, a *carte de visite*, with an ambrotype portrait, and called our attention to the excellent likeness of the noble original. "That man," said he, "will be President of the United States one of these days." That man, skeptical reader, was Robert E. Lee, of Virginia, the "rebel" descendant of the "rebel" George Washington. Stranger things have happened in this strange and variable world, especially in this notable America, where the currents of popular opinion run like mill-races, in whatever channels circumstance, fashion and passion excavate for themselves. When the American people *do* make Lee their President, they will get an honest man, a brave cavalier, and a gentleman for that exalted post.

THE New York *Daily News*, which is yielding to Andrew Johnson the same earnest support it gave during the rebellion to the administration of Jefferson Davis, interprets the recent Presidential proclamation, when it says that "the insurrection is at an end, and is henceforth to be so regarded," to mean that Congress is to receive this *ipse dixit* as an imperative command to admit the Southern Representatives and Senators immediately, or, failing in this, the *News* declares "it will become the duty, as we believe it is the purpose, of the President to treat their acts as of no legal effect." We have here another programme of rebellion mapped out, which may or may not be attempted; but the bare fact that it is thus endorsed shows only too well what results the zealous champions of "my policy" expect it to produce.—*Philadelphia Press.*

TRIAL OF JEFF. DAVIS.—Reliable information has been received here to-day from Richmond, to the effect that a movement is on foot to obtain a writ of *habeas corpus* for the release of Jefferson Davis. The writ in question may issue either from the United States District Court, Judge Underwood presiding, or from a State Court. It is not likely that a man of Underwood's well-known views would grant a writ for such a purpose. The civil trial of Davis will now be strongly urged. He can be held in this district under the indictments pending against him in the Supreme Court of this district.—*Wash. Correspondence N. Y. Times.*

THE IMPENDING GERMAN CONFLICT.—A German caricaturist has well hit off the probable cause and inevitable effect of the deep quarrel which has arisen between Austria and Prussia in regard to the appropriation of the duchies wrested from unfortunate Denmark. The scene represents a Roman circus. Napoleon III. occupies the imperial seat, while a Prussian and an Austrian soldier, in gladiatorial costume, are entering the arena, and saluting him with the ancient formula—"*Ave, Cesar Imperator, morituri te salutant!*" "Hail, Cesar, Emperor! We who are about to die, salute you." They fight and destroy one another for the Emperor's pleasure.

HORACE MAYNARD, at a great meeting held in New Haven last Saturday, gave his opinion that public sentiment in Tennessee and North Carolina is more inclined to justice than in Connecticut and Pennsylvania. "The question of negro suffrage in Tennessee," he said, "will be settled to-day in favor of the black man, and I should not wonder if Tennessee gave the black man the right to vote before Connecticut does. And the black man will probably vote sooner in North Carolina than in Pennsylvania."

WE FIND in the Chicago *Post* the extraordinary statement that, contrary to all previous reports, there is no demand for labor in the West. It says hundreds of poor laborers have been sent on these wild goose chases to the Upper Missouri from St. Louis and Chicago. The intelligence offices are at the bottom of the knavery.

The Washington correspondent of the Milwaukee *Sentinel* says that the veto of the Civil Rights bill was written by Henry C. Stansbury of Ohio, and that of the Freedman's Bureau bill by Judge Black of Pennsylvania, formerly Mr. Buchanan's Attorney-General.

A FRIGHTFUL PROSPECT.—A ritualistic clergyman in Exeter, England, lately asserted from the pulpit that the ringerpest was sent to remind us of fasting in Lent, and that the people of England will be compelled from famine to fast in Lent, 1867.

It is said that when Prince Couza and his wife left Bucharest, they were to all appearance, as unconcerned as if they were about to take a holiday trip. Both the Prince and Princess had cigars in their mouths when they entered the carriage.

THE Commissioner of Pensions having received large numbers of communications from all parts of the country asking whether pension money can be attached for debt, has issued a decision that such money cannot thus be attached.

AN attempt is made to frighten Congress from unseating Jim Brooks, by threatening that the President will appoint him Collector of New York. Congress will no doubt do its duty, trusting that the President will do his.

A LADY of Janesville, Wis., who was one of the most active members of the Soldiers' Aid Society, on being asked how she liked President Johnson's speech of the 22d of February, replied tartly, "I felt like scraping lint again."

POLITICAL.

CONGRESS, 22d DISTRICT.

HON. J. K. MOORHEAD

Having placed himself at the disposal of his friends, in response to their call made on him, his name is now presented by them as a candidate for nomination for Congress for the 22d District, subject to the action of the Union Republican County Convention. ap7:tc

CONGRESS.—The friends of

HON. JOHN P. PENNEY

Will present his name to the Convention of the Union party, for nomination as a candidate for Congress in the 22d District. mh14:6wd

CONGRESS.

GENERAL JAS. S. NEGLEY

IS A CANDIDATE IN THE 24th DISTRICT. mh9:1md

FOR SHERIFF,

SAMUEL B. CLULEY,

Subject to the action of the Union Republican County Convention. mh24:tcda w F

FOR SHERIFF,

CHARLES BARNES,

Late Colonel Sixth Reg. Pa. Heavy Artillery and Brev. Brig. Gen. U. S. A., subject to the action of the Union Convention. mh22:tdaw F

FOR SHERIFF.

JOSEPH ROSS,

Of the First Ward, Pittsburgh, will be a candidate for Sheriff, subject to the action of the Union Republican County Convention. mh19:tc

FOR SHERIFF.

CEN. S. B. M. YOUNG,

Late Colonel Fourth Pennsylvania Cavalry. mh21:tc

FOR SHERIFF.

COL. JAMES M'K. SNODGRASS,

Of McKeesport, (late of the 9th Pa. Reserves,) will be a candidate for Sheriff, subject to the decision of the ensuing County Convention. mh20:tc

COUNTY COMMISSIONER.

GEORGE HAMILTON,

Of Pittsburgh, subject to the action of the Union Republican County Convention. ap6:tc

COUNTY COMMISSIONER.

CHARLES PUGH,

Of Manchester, will be a candidate for County Commissioner, subject to the action of the Union Republican County Convention. ap4:tc

CLERK OF THE COURTS.

JOHN G. BROWN,

Of Hampton Township, late Private Co. H, 102d Reg't Penn'a Vols. ap5:tc

FOR CLERK OF COURTS.

JOSEPH BROWNE,

Late of 102d Pennsylvania Volunteers and 5th Pennsylvania Artillery, subject to the decision of the Republican County Convention. mh31:tc

FOR CLERK OF COURTS.

DR. WILLIAM J. GILMORE,

Of Upper St. Clair Township. mh22:td & ap1:tF

LECTURES.

LECTURE,

BY MISS SUSANNAH EVANS,

In CITY HALL, MONDAY EVENING, April 9th, SUBJECT—"SOLDIER'S EMPTY SLEEVE," by request. FOR THE BENEFIT OF THE POOR. Tickets 50c. Reserved seats 75c., to be had at the door. Sale of reserved seats on MONDAY, from 10 to 12 A. M., and 1 to 3 P. M.

Doors open at 7:30. Lecture to commence at 7½. ap6:td

NOTICES.

NOTICE.—A Stockholders' Meeting of the DUNCARD CREEK PETROLEUM COMPANY will be held at S. A. JOHNSON'S Law Office, No. 81 Diamond street, on FRIDAY EVENING, April 6th, at 7½ o'clock. By order of ap5:3td THE BOARD.

BANK OF PITTSBURGH, March 31st, 1866.

AT A MEETING OF THE BOARD of Directors of this Bank, held this day, Mr. WILLIAM ROSEBURG was elected Cashier, and Mr. ROBERT M. CUNNINGHAM Assistant Cashier.

JOHN HARPER, President.

TRADESMEN NATIONAL BANK, PITTSBURGH, Pa., March 28th, 1866.

THE NOTES OF THE CRAWFORD COUNTY BANK, Meadville; OIL CITY BANK, of Oil City; VENANGO BANK, Franklin, and PETROLEUM BANK, Titusville, will not hereafter be redeemed by this Bank.

mh29:3t GEO. T. VAN DOREN, Cashier.

COUNTY TREASURER'S OFFICE, PITTSBURGH, April 2d, 1866.

IN PURSUANCE of the 21st Section of an Act relating to Allegheny County, approved the 1st day of May, 1861, and the Supplement to said Section, approved the 30th day of March, 1866, I, DAVID AIKEN, Jr., Treasurer of said county, hereby give notice that the Duplicates of the several Wards, Boroughs and Townships will be open, and I will be prepared to receive the County, State, Poor and Work-House Taxes for 1866, on and after the FIRST DAY OF MAY, 1866. Said Taxes can be paid at the Treasurer's Office until the FIRST DAY OF AUGUST next, with a deduction of FIVE PER CENT. DISCOUNT for prompt payment to any person paying the whole amount of their taxes. There will be no deduction allowed on taxes paid during the month of August. There will be TEN PER CENT. added to all taxes remaining unpaid on the first of September. ap5:30d

NOTICE TO OWNERS OF DRAYS, HACKS, &c.—Notice is hereby given to all owners of Drays, Carts, Carriages, Buggies, &c., whether resident or non-resident in the City of Pittsburgh, to pay their Licenses at the Treasurer's office of the City of Pittsburgh, FORTHWITH, in accordance with an Act of Assembly, approved March 30, 1860, and an Ordinance of the Councils of the City of Pittsburgh, passed April 16, 1860, and all persons who neglect or refuse to take out Licenses will be subject to a penalty, to be recovered before the Mayor, double the amount of the License.

The old metal plates of previous years must be returned at the time Licenses are taken out, or pay 25 cents therefor.

RATES OF LICENSE:

Each One Horse Vehicle	$ 7 50
Each Two Horse Vehicle	12 00
Each Four Horse Vehicle	15 00
Each Two Horse Hack	15 00

Omnibuses and Timber Wheels drawn by two horses, $15 00 each. For each additional horse used in any of the above vehicles, $4 00.

W. EICHBAUM, City Treasurer.

PITTSBURGH, February 5th, 1866.—f5:mawtd

PROPOSALS.

SEALED PROPOSALS, for the Grading and Paving of Laural Alley, from Locust to Chestnut streets, will be received by ISAAC STEWART, Street Commissioner, or the undersigned, at the office of Phelps, Parke & Co., Manchester, until APRIL 13th, 1866.

W. N. KIRK,
ap7:td Committee on Streets.

SEALED PROPOSALS, for the Grading of Nixon Street and Alley, between Nixon and Adams streets, will be received by ISAAC STEWART, Street Commissioner, or the undersigned, at the office of Phelps, Parke & Co., Manchester, until APRIL 13th, 1866.

W. N. KIRK,
ap6:td Committee on Streets.

PROPOSALS will be received by the SHAFTON COAL COMPANY until APRIL 7th, 1866, for ERECTING THE STORE HOUSE and WAREHOUSE at SHAFTON STATION, Penna. R. R., for one year or more. Proposals to be directed to WM. D. MULLEN, Superintendent, at the Works, or, E. A. B. WIDENER, Secretary, No. 208 South Fourth st., Phila.

ap5:3td

ALLEGHENY COUNTY WORK HOUSE AND INEBRIATE ASYLUM.—Proposals will be received until APRIL 20th, by the Managers of the above Institution for the sale of a piece of Land, not exceeding fifty acres, situate not more than six miles from the city.

Proposals must state full particulars, as to location, quantity, quality and terms. Address

GEORGE E. WHITE, President, care of G.O. ALBREE, Secretary, corner of Fourth and Wood Streets.

PITTSBURGH, April 3d, 1866.—ap4:2w & fwtd

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

RECORDING REGULATOR'S OFFICE, PITTSBURGH, March 26th, 1866.

Proposals for the construction of a Public Sewer in Grant Street, from Diamond street to the Monongahela River, will be received at the office of the undersigned, in the Market Building, until MONDAY, the 9th day of April, 1866. Specifications can be seen at this office.

CHARLES REICHSPEARE, mh27:4td Recording Regulator.

NOTICE TO OWNERS OF LIME-STONE.—The Pennsylvania Salt Manufacturing Company will receive proposals for the supply of

20,000 *Tons of Limestone,*

of not less than NINETY-FOUR PER CENT. PURITY, to be delivered in cars upon the Allegheny Valley Railroad, opposite the Company Works, or at the junction of said road with Pt. Western Pa. R. R., at the Kiskiminitas river. Cars to be furnished by the contractor. Not less than 50 nor more than 100 tons to be delivered per day.

Samples of the stone, and proposals can be forwarded by Express, marked "Penna. Salt Manufacturing Co.," Natrona, Allegheny Co., Pa.

mh24:10td

EDUCATIONAL.

PRYOR'S SCIENTIFIC ACADE-MY, Federal Street, ALLEGHENY CITY, second story Allegheny Savings Bank building, will open their Summer Session MONDAY, April 2d. Also in the Afternoons and Evenings, pupils are taught BOOK-KEEPING by Double Entry, COMMERCIAL ARITHMETIC and PENMANSHIP, ARITHMETIC, &c. Success guaranteed. For further particulars, apply to

J. M. PRYOR, Principal
ap2:2td

MRS. SMART'S SELECT SCHOOL, No. 12 Isabella Street, Allegheny, near St. Clair Street Bridge.

The steadily increasing patronage bestowed on this establishment has induced the Principal to enlarge the School Room to double its size, and as it now stands from the rear of the house it is THOROUGHLY VENTILATED.

Young Ladies received for instruction in all the branches of a sound and solid education.

The course is THOROUGH, INTERESTING and COMPLETE.

TERMS—A little more that half of those usually charged.

N. B.—All kinds of Ornamental Needlework.

ap5-6t,3t7:10:12:14:16

EASTERN MANUFACTURES

WATCHMAN'S TIME DETECT-OR, for corporations and manufacturing concerns, dealing with THE AUTOMATIC ACCURACY the motions of a watchman or patrolman. Manufactured by E. JETER, 47 Congress st., Boston. Send for Circular. mh4:1ywd

MACHINERY, &c.—H. LITTLE-FIELD & CO., Newburyport, Mass., Manufacturers of Patent Automatic Stop Motions for Steam Engines; Patent Lo—ff Motions for Lowering Patent Carriage Top Props, State and Territorial Rights in the above Patents for sale. mh29:2aw4wd

SHOULDER BRACES, SUSPEND-ERS, &c.—UPTON & BLAKE, Manufacturers of Upton's Patent Shoulder Braces and Eagle Suspenders, 5 John street, Lowell, Mass. Orders solicited. A. W. UPTON.
mh29:2awtwd E. O. BLAKE.

BOSTON CORSET SKIRT CO., Manufacturers and sole proprietors of the Patent Corset Skirt, which combines economy, comfort and health. 179 Court street, Boston. Hoop Skirts of every style and variety. Also, Corsets, and Mrs. Foy's Corset Skirt Improver. mh29:2awtwd

REEDS AND HARNESSES.—J. A. GOWDEY & SON, Reed and Harness Manufacturers, Providence, R. I. Manufacturers' supplies constantly on hand. mh29:2awtwd

DRUGS AND CHEMICALS.

SPRING OF 1866.

HEMAPANKA,

(BLOOD CURE.)

This article is expressly designed to purify and restore the blood to a healthy condition, by which SCROFULA and all Diseases of the Skin are effectually removed from the system. Sold in bottles at 50 cents and $1 each, by

SIMON JOHNSTON.

ap7 Corner Smithfield and Fourth Streets.

BURNETT'S STANDARD PRE-PARATIONS.—COCAINE—A Compound of Cocoanut Oil, &c., for the Hair.

FLORIMEL—A delightful Perfume for the Handkerchief.

KALYDOR—A Cosmetic for removing Freckles, Tan, Sunburn, &c.

ORIENTAL TOOTH-WASH—An Elixir for Preserving and Beautifying the Teeth and Gums.

BURNETT'S COCOAINE WATER—Unrivalled in Richness and Delicacy of Perfume.

JONAS WHITCOMB'S REMEDY—For Asthma, Rose Cold, Hay Fever, &c.

BURNETT'S STANDARD FLAVORING EXTRACTS—For Cooking purposes.

Any of the above named articles can always be procured at the Central Drug and Prescription Store, corner of Ohio and Federal streets, in the Market House, Allegheny. mh17

GEORGE A. KELLY,

WHOLESALE DRUGGIST,

No. 37 Wood Street,

OPPOSITE THE ST. CHARLES HOTEL,

DEALER IN

Drugs, Chemicals, Patent Medicines,

PERFUMERY,

PAINTS, OILS, VARNISHES, DYESTUFFS, &c.

The Retail business will be continued as usual at No. 63 Federal street, and corner of Ohio and Federal streets, Allegheny. my20:1yd

J. SCHOONMAKER & SON,

Pittsburgh White Lead Works,

PURE WHITE LEAD,

BLUE LEAD GROUND IN OIL FOR PAINTIN OIL BARRELS.

No. 68 Wood Street.

DISSOLUTIONS.

DISSOLUTION.

The firm of TIERNAN & GETTY is dissolved by mutual consent, to date from April 1st, 1866.

F. TIERNAN.
R. F. GETTY.

The business of the firm will be settled at the old stand, 55 Ohio street, Allegheny City.

In retiring from the above firm I respectfully solicit a continuance of the patronage so liberally bestowed on the late firm, to my successor, R. F. GETTY. (ap1:1wd) F. TIERNAN.

MILLINERY.

OPENING.

On Thursday, April 5th,

ALL THE VERY NEWEST STYLES OF

SPRING & SUMMER MILLINERY GOODS,

AT MRS. KITCHENS,

No. 100 FEDERAL ST., ALLEGHENY CITY. ap5:4td

REMOVALS.

REMOVAL.—B. McLAIN & CO. have removed their office to No. 142 Fourth street, opposite Wilkins Hall. ap4

WANTED.

WANTED.—A Girl to do Cooking and general housework. Apply at the GAZETTE OFFICE. ap6:1t

WANTED.—SITUATION.—BY A FIRST-CLASS BOOK-KEEPER, who understands his business thoroughly, and will furnish the most satisfactory references. Address W. J. D., Box 23426, Buffalo, N. Y.

WANTED—AGENTS—Male and FEMALE, to sell HOLLAND'S and TIMOTHY COMBS' LIFE OF LINCOLN, "PETROLEUM V. NASBY PAPERS," (a book of true wit and humor), SARTAIN'S NEWSTEEL ENGRAVING, "HOME, FROM ANDERSONVILLE," (a picture that should be in every house). For terms apply or address, enclosing stamp, EMERY & HOWES, 35 Liberty street, Pittsburgh, Pa. mh15:3t&w

WANTED—Good Agents to sell SHERMAN AND HIS CAMPAIGN, GRANT AND HIS CAMPAIGNS, (the latter just out), CHILD'S PRAYER, FIRST LESSON, (match pictures,) and THE AMERICAN INVENTORS. These are all new Books and Engravings, and agents can do better with them than with any other goods offered to the public. For full particulars, apply to or address ASHLEY ELLIS, 75 Third street, Pittsburgh, Pa. mh22:2t&wtaw2w

WANTED.—$1,500 PER YEAR! —We want AGENTS everywhere to sell our IMPROVED TWENTY-DOLLAR SEWING MACHINES, three new kinds, under and upper feed, warranted five years. Salary or large commission paid. The ONLY Machine sold in United States for less than $40, which are *Fully Licensed by Grover, Wheeler & Wilson, Grover & Baker, Singer & Co., and Bachelder.* All other cheap Machines are INFRINGEMENTS. Circulars free. Address or call upon SHAW & CLARK, Biddeford, Maine.

dec9:deod6m&WF

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—A Good Route on the GAZETTE. Apply at THIS OFFICE ap6:tf

FOR SALE—FLOUR AND PRO-DUCE BUSINESS, of over ten years standing, in a good location in the city. A fine opportunity is offered to any person wishing to engage in the Produce Business. All communications strictly confidential. Address P. O. 780, Pittsburgh. mh26:tf

FOR SALE—IN MANCHESTER—SEVERAL SMALL HOUSES, near the Passenger Railway. One of them a good Business Stand. Reasonable terms, and immediate possession can be given, or they will be exchanged for unimproved lots in or near the Borough. Enquire of WILLIAM BLACK, near the Savings Bank. ap6:3td

FOR SALE—IOWA LAND—$2,000 —ABOUT FOUR HUNDRED AND THIRTY ACRES OF LAND, situated near Webster City, Hamilton county, Iowa, on the line of the Pacific Railroad, is offered for sale for two THOUSAND DOLLARS, cash. Address "OWNER," GAZETTE OFFICE. fe26:tf

FOR SALE—A three-story Brick DWELLING HOUSE, containing eleven rooms, with gas and water, situate on River Avenue, Allegheny City, near the Mechanic Street Bridge. Lot 21 feet by 126 feet. Title indisputable. Terms moderate. Possession given immediately. For further particulars, apply to J. S. FERGUSON, No. 164 Fourth street. mh22:2wd

FOR SALE—A Valuable Country Residence at Edgewood Station, Pennsylvania Railroad, nine and a half miles from Wilkinsburg. Eleven acres 136 perches of Land; a fine new Dwelling containing ten rooms and cellar underneath; Fruit and other conveniences on the premises. For further information, call at No. 100 Fifth street, Pittsburgh, or on the premises. nov7:tf J. S. KING.

FOR SALE,

200 bbls.	White Lime;
100 "	Calcined Plaster;
100 "	Land Plaster;
100 "	Hydraulic Cement;
100 "	Rosendale Cement;

At 310 Liberty street. ap6:4wd W. W. WALLACE.

FOR SALE—THE PRACTICAL ENGINEER, by John Wallace; second edition, enlarged and improved. About one-half of this edition has already been sold. Every Engineer or man who contemplates purchasing should have a copy. It only needs to be read to be appreciated. All orders directed to the subscriber, at 219 LIBERTY STREET, Pittsburgh, Pa. will be promptly attended to. Price per copy, $5,00.

ap6:lwd W. W. WALLACE.

FOR SALE ON THE BIG SANDY RIVER, I offer for sale the MINERAL RIGHT OF NINE HUNDRED ACRES, situated in and on the lands one mile above Peach Orchard Work. There is abundance of coal of good quality. The veins are from FOUR to SEVEN FEET THICK. Persons wishing to purchase will call at the Kentucky House, Ashland, Ky., where terms can be ascertained. Address THOMAS RUSSELL, Ashland, Kentucky. mh16:lmd

FOR SALE.—A valuable Store, Warehouse and Dwelling, in a commanding locality, at New Texas, Pine township, Allegheny county, with stable, commodious out-buildings, &c. This property is situated on one-half acre of good land, with excellent water and other facilities.

For terms and information apply to WM. M. MOFFETT, Attorney-at-law, No 66 Grant street, Pittsburgh, Pa. mh23:2wd&wT

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—Lodging Rooms to RENT AFTER FIRST OF APRIL.—Twenty (20) respectable young men, in a central location, at low rates. References required. Address "LODGING," Gazette Office. mh26:1td

FOR RENT—A Country Seat, con-taining 15 acres of Rich Soil; large two-story Brick Dwelling, Barn, Stable, Orchard, Spring and Spring House, situated 2 miles from the bridge, opposite J. Knox's Florist Gardens. Apply to

mh15 B. McLAIN & CO.

FOR RENT—The Lot on the cor-ner of Butler and Allegheny streets, Ninth Ward, together with the old Brick Depot Building thereon. The lot has 150 feet front by 90 feet deep to an alley. Will lease it for five or ten years. Apply to WM. M. DALLINGTON, at No. 37 Fifth street, second floor. mh17:tf

BOOKS, STATIONERY, &c.

DIARIES, MEMORANDUMS.

Pass Books,

TIME, RECEIPT AND DRAY BOOKS,

Adams Express Receipt Books,

FOLEY'S GOLD PENS, WARRANTED;

Wrapping, Manilla and Writing

PAPERS,

BLANK BOOKS, EVERY DESCRIPTION,

FOR SALE CHEAP, BY

MYERS, SCHOYER & CO.,

ap7:3t NO. 19 FIFTH STREET.

505 HARRISON & BRADFORD'S PEN.
HUNT'S COMMERCIAL PEN.
BERNARD'S CORRUGATED PENS.
HUNT'S No. 314 PEN.
WASHINGTON MEDALLION PEN.
HUNT'S JENNY LIND PEN.
And various other brands Steel Pens, Quills, and Quill Pens.

GOLD PENS,

Best makes, warranted:
FABER, EAGLE and other popular brands of LEAD PENCILS.
ARNOLD'S, DOVEL'S, COOL'S and other makes of INK.
MUCILAGE in small stands and gallon jugs.
LEGAL, BILL, CAP, LETTER AND NOTE PAPERS.
BLANK BOOKS—all kinds.
LEGAL BLANKS.
VISITING CARDS.
And all other kinds of Counting House and School Stationery.
BOOK AND JOB PRINTING.

JOHN P. HUNT & CO.'S,

59 Fifth St., Masonic Hall.

ap5

WOMAN AGAINST WOMAN,

BY FLORENCE MARYATT,

(DAUGHTER OF THE FAMOUS NOVELIST.)

BROKEN TO HARNESS,

BY EDMUND YATES,

Editor of Temple Bar Magazine.

SIMPLICITY AND FASCINATION,

BY ANNIE BEALE.

No modern novels have arrested the attention of novel readers more quickly, or received stronger endorsement as "Very Jolly Reading," and "Capital," than these. Every Library and Bookstore has them.

ap7:1td LORING, Publisher, Boston.

SMITH'S

AMERICAN INK,

Exactly like ARNOLD'S FLUID, and about one-third cheaper. Give it a trial. It is endorsed by some of the first acc

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

SATURDAY, APRIL 7, 1866.

ADVERTISING RATES
Established by the Press of Pittsburgh

STANDING MATTER,
One Square of Ten Lines, Eight Words to the Line, or 3-4 Inch Space.

TIME.	Daily.	1 L. a week	2 L. a week	1 L. a week
One time	75			
Two times	1 25			
Three times	1 75			
Four times	2 20			
Five times	2 90			
Six times, one week	3 00	2 00	1 50	1 00
Seven times	3 40			
Eight times	3 75			
Nine times	4 10			
Ten times	4 50			
Eleven times	4 75			
Twelve times, 2 weeks	5 00	3 25	2 50	1 75
Three weeks	7 00	5 00	4 50	3 75
One month	9 00	6 00	4 50	4 00
Two months	15 00	10 00	7 50	6 00
Three months	18 00	12 00	9 00	8 00
Six months	33 00	22 00	16 50	11 00
One year	54 00	36 00	27 00	18 00

CHANGEABLE ONCE A WEEK.

One month	11 00	7 00	5 50	4 00
Two months	17 00	11 50	8 50	7 50
Three months	24 00	16 00	12 00	8 00
Six months	42 00	28 00	21 00	14 00
One year	72 00	48 00	36 00	24 00

RELIGIOUS INTELLIGENCE.

The subject of dancing has provoked much discussion among the Churches. It is generally regarded by the truly evangelical type of Christians as sinful, and contrary to the Word of God. In an article entitled, "Eleven Reasons why Dancing for Amusement is Sinful," published in a leading religious newspaper, the question is viewed in all its phases, mainly from a Scriptural stand-point. We can only give each reason in a condensed form. First. Dancing is sihful, because all reveling is forbidden in the Word of God. Peter classes reveling with lasciviousness, lusts, drunkeuness, and idolatry. That the ball, the dance, are included in the idea of reveling, is too clear to be controverted. Second. Dancing is sinful, because it is wholly a gratification of the sensual—the flesh, and such pleasures are adverse to religion. Third. Dancing is sinful, because it is a worldly pleasure, and all worldly pleasures, or those pleasures which have not the idea of God in them, are sinful. The idea of God must not only be in every action, but it must be the controlling principle in every action. Fourth. Dancing is sinful because when a person is experimentally, vitally, and actively religious, he or she has no disposition to dance; and that the disposition, if it has any existence whatever in a professor of religion, always increases in proportion as experimental religion decreases, and is universally connected with a low state of piety, or no piety at all. Fifth. Dancing is sinful, because it is a natural development of sinful dissipation. Cicero said, "No one dances unless he is either drunk or mad." Sixth. Dancing is sinful because it destroys interest in religious matters, and indisposes for the performance of religious duties. Seventh. Dancing is sinful, because it is a waste of time. Our existence in time is the measure of our probation. The very idea of probation is that of preparation for some final state beyond the probation. Eighth. Dancing is sinful, because it contradicts the moral sense of the community. Ninth. Dancing is sinful, because nearly all persons feel and acknowledge that it would be sinful for a minister of the Gospel to dance. Tenth. Dancing is sinful, because God's blessing cannot be asked to rest upon the performance. Would not the dancer *feel* that it was mockery, at least inappropriate, to supplicate God's blessing to rest upon him in the whirling waltz and reel, the brisk cotillon, the lively gavet, the stately minuet, the rigadoon, the quadrille, hornpipe, polka, saraband, bolers, fandango, etc.? Eleventh. Dancing is sinful, because it would be deemed an inappropriate employment for the last day of one's life. These reasons are elaborated and evidently prepared with great care. The writer meets some of the objections to the charge that "Dancing is sinful" thus: 1. "There is no express command in the Bible prohibiting dancing." He answers, neither isthere any express commands in the Bible prohibiting the stealing of pins or buttons; but there are express commands in the Bible prohibiing the indulgence of earthly pleasure, and the perpetration of theft. 2. "David danced." He replies, in old times dancing was a religious exercise. In this sense only David danced—see 2 Samuel VI 12, etc. 3. "But Solomon says 'there is a time to dance'" To this objection, to his proposition that "dancing is sinful," he says: Solomon proceeds in this chapter, (Eccl. III) by antitheses, and uses, "a time to dance," as the antithesis to "a time to mourn." But Solomon does not endorse the morality of any of these theses. He teaches not that there is an appropriate time *for* such things, but that seasons are devoted *to* them—not an appropriate time *for* dancing, but a time devoted *to* it. The writer closes the able paper asserting their are graver reasons why dancing for amusement is sinful, than are found in ecclesiastical prohibitions.

—Rev. Henry Boehem, the companion of Bishop Asbury, the first Bishop of the Methodist Episcopal Church, when he was advanced in years and in feeble health, now in his ninety first year, was present at the opening exercises of the Newark Conference, which convened its session at Washington, New Jersey, March 21st. He is a member of that body.

—The *Presbyterian* has a timely article on "the Overcoat Doxology." It refers, in stinging words of reproof, to the conduct of professors of religion, who ought to know better, while the doxology is being sung, of putting on their overcoats during this solemn service. The observations of the writer illustrate the evil, and are expressed in the following words: "All over the house arms were extended in every possible direction; heads were nodded, and shoulders depressed with every conceivable contortion of countenances and limbs. Had I not in a moment comprehended that the commencement of the choir to sing the praises of the Triune Jehovah was the signal for a general putting on of overcoats, I might easily have fancied myself suddenly translated into a Hindoo temple, and beholding the religious contortions of the worshippers of Vishnu. Such a demonstration is not very well calculated to "Praise the Father, Son, and Holy Ghost."

—Before the war it is thought there was not one Congregational Church in the former Slave States, now Missouri alone has fifteen churches, and among the cities in other States which have originated societies, are Memphis, Knoxville, New Orleans, Savannah and Richmond.

—There are fifty missions under the care of the Mission Board of the German Reformed Church—an increase of seventeen during the year. Three of these last year reported have become self-sustaining. Nineteen new stations have, therefore, been established by the Board during the past twelve months.

—Seventy-five members of the Society of Friends from Randolph, North Carolina, have arrived in Washington City, and assert that they were forced to leave their homes from the persecution of ex-soldiers of the rebel army.

—Preparations, says the *United Presbyterian*, are going on for a renewal of the "innovation" agitation in the next General Assembly of the Church of Scotland.

—The General Assembly of the Presbyterian (O. S.) Church in the United States of America, will hold its next meeting in St. Louis, Mo., on the 17th of May, 1866, and will be opened with a sermon by the Rev. John C. Lowrie, D. D., Moderator of the last Assembly.

—The Missionary collections of the United Presbyterian Church for the last year exceed those of any previous year.

—From the report of Princeton Theological Seminary to the New Jersey Legislature, we learn that the real estate belonging to the corporation is valued at $118,140, and the total value of the personal property is $316,982.30.

—The revival in the Ninth street Baptist church, Cincinnati, held almost nightly since the 1st of December, has resulted thus far by baptisms and letter, in an accession of about one hundred and twenty-five.

—Fifty-six new members have been added to the Lutheran church at Hollidaysburgh. Many of those admitted were heads of families.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

☞ **AYER'S PILLS—Are you sick,** feeble and complaining? Are you out of order with your system deranged and your feelings uncomfortable? These symptoms often in the prelude to serious illness. Some fit of sickness is creeping on you, and should be averted by a timely use of the right remedy. Nothing will so thoroughly cleanse out the disordered humors—purify the blood, and let the fluids move on unobstructed in health again. They stimulate the functions of the body into vigorous activity, purify the system from the obstructions which make disease. A cold settles somewhere in the body, and deranges its natural functions. These, if not relieved, react upon themselves and the surrounding organs, producing general aggravation, suffering and derangement. While in this condition, take Ayer's Pills, and see how directly they restore the natural action of the system, and with it the buoyant feeling of health again. What is true and so apparent in this trivial and common complaint is also true in many of the deep seated and dangerous distempers. The same purgative effect expels them. Caused by similar obstructions and derangement of the natural functions of the body, they are rapidly and many of them surely cured by the same means. None who know the virtue of these Pills will neglect to employ them when suffering from the disorders they cure, such as Headache, Foul Stomach, Dizziness, Costiveness, Constipation, Heartburn, Rheumatism, Dropsy, Dysentery, the Suppression, when taken in large doses.

They are sugar coated, so that the most sensitive can take them easily, and they are the best aperient and purgative medicine yet discovered.

AYER'S AGUE CURE,

For the speedy cure of *Intermittent Fever, or Fever and Ague. Remittent Fever, Chill Fever, Bilious Fever, Periodical Headache or Bilious Headache, and Bilious Pleurisy, brought on by the irregularities of life, originating in biliary derangement, caused by the Malaria of miasmatic countries.*

This remedy has nearly failed to cure the severest cases of Chills and Fever, and it has this great advantage over other Ague medicines, that it subdues the complaint without rendering the patient. It contains no quinine or mineral, deleterious substance, nor does it produce quinisme or any injurious effect whatever. Soldiers who have been in the army and the west, try it and you will endorse these assertions.

Prepared by J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass., and sold by B. E. FAHNESTOCK & CO., and by all Druggists. mh16.2m&W&F

☞ **RETROUVEY'S TURKISH** JANDOLENIAN HAIR TONIC.
THE DRESSING AND RESTORER OF THE AGE

RETROUVEY'S TURKISH BANDOLENIAN. What can be more acceptable than anything that will beautify? that will restore the hair to its original color? that will prevent from falling out, restoring its natural color, making it to grow in luxuriance and beauty, assist in putting it up according to the present mode and fashion, and keep it in place? This *Introvey's Turkish Bandolenian Hair Tonic* will do, and for proof we refer you to many persons who have used it. It is considered to be the beautifier of the age, the only Hair Tonic and Restorer worthy of the name. In Germany, France, in England, in America—everywhere where the "Bandolenian" is known—it is pronounced the *par excellence* of Hair Preparations. Rest assured it is free from all metallic poisons that are contained in most Hair Colors and Dressings. It is the extract of many flowers and herbs, beautifully put up, an ornament to the toilet.

For sale by all Druggists and Perfumers, wholesale by E. E. SELLERS & CO.,
B. E. FAHNESTOCK & CO.,
Principa Depot for United States and Canada,
JAMES PALMER & CO.,
No. 48 Market Street,
delcs3mneod&wT Philadelphia.

☞ **PITTSBURGH SAW WORKS,**
HUBBARD, BRO. & CO.
MANUFACTURERS OF
PATENT GROUND CIRCULARS,

Warranted CAST STEEL SAWS, of every description. Mill, Muley, Cross-Cut, Gang, and all other Sawing.

All kinds of KNIVES and SPRINGS, made from Shear Cast Steel. Extra Reamed REAPER AND MOWER KNIVES.

☞ Warehouse and Works, corner WATER and SHORT STREETS, Pittsburgh.

Particular attention paid to re-toothing, gumming and straightening Circular Saws; also, repairs of all kinds. Punching and Drilling done at reasonable rates. apr25-1y

☞ **LAKE SUPERIOR**
COPPER MILL AND SMELTING WORKS
PITTSBURGH.
PARK, McCURDY & CO.

Manufacturers of SHEATHING, BRAZIERS' AND BOLT COPPER, PRESSED COPPER BOTTOMS, SPIKES, NAILS, BOLTS, COPPER, SOLDER. Also, importers and dealers in METALS, TIN PLATE, SHEET IRON, WIRE, &c. Constantly on hand, TINNERS' MACHINES and TOOLS. Warehouse, No. 140 FIRST and 139 SECOND STREETS, Pittsburgh. Special orders of Copper cut to any desired pattern. apr25-1y&W

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Boiler Makers & Sheet Iron Workers,
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Having secured a large yard, and furnished it with the most approved machinery, we are prepared to manufacture every description of WORK, in the best manner, and warranted equal to any made in the country. CHIMNEYS, BREECHING, FIRE BOXES, STEAM PIPES, LOCOMOTIVE BOILERS, DENSERS, SALT PANS, PANNS, OIL STILLS, AGITATORS, TANKS, PLATFORM AND RAILROAD BRIDGES, SUGAR PANS, and sole manufacturers of BARNHILL'S PATENT BOILERS. Repairing done on tallonest notice.

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WASHINGTON WORKS,
Founders & Machinists, Pittsburgh.

Manufacturers of BOAT AND STATIONERY STEAM ENGINES, MILL GEARING, SHAFTING, CHIMNEY, GEARING, SHAFTING, CASTINGS of all descriptions, OIL TANKS and STILLS, BOILER AND SHEET IRON WORK.

☞ Agents for GIFFARD'S PATENT INJECTOR, for feeding boilers.

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Manufacturers of IRON VAULT AND VAULT RAILING, IRON RAILING, WINDOW SHUTTERS, WINDOW GUARDS, &c. Nos. 91 SECOND and THIRD STREET, between Wood and Market, have on hand a variety of new patterns, fancy and plain, suitable for all purposes.

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OF BOTH SEXES.—A reverend gentleman, having been restored to health in a few days, after undergoing the usual routine and irregular expensive mode of treatment without success, considers it his sacred duty to communicate to his afflicted fellow-creatures the means of cure. Hence, on the receipt of an addressed envelope, he will send, *free*, a copy of the prescription used.

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OR,
AN ESSAY OF WARNING AND INSTRUCTION FOR YOUNG MEN. Also, new and reliable treatment of the Urinary and Sexual System. Address Dr. ALLEN, HOUGHTON, Howard Association, Philadelphia, Pa. apr14-1y

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PITTSBURGH LEAD PIPE AND SHEET LEAD WORKS.

Make to order and keep on hand all sizes, lengths and thicknesses of

LEAD PIPE & SHEET LEAD
At Lowest Market Rates.

Also keep on hand

Plumbers' Material, Brass and Iron Cocks, Steam Gauges, Steam Pumps, Plain and Galvanized Iron Pipe,
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No. 167 Smithfield St., Pittsburgh, Pa.
apr2

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Carefully attended to by experienced and practical workmen. A fine assortment of

GAS FIXTURES, SINKS, BATH TUBS.
SHOWER BATHS, WATER CLOSETS, HYDRANTS,
Constantly on hand and made to order.
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mh31-2awdly

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DRUM & SLACK,
Have on hand a Large Assortment of
MOWING MACHINES,
HORSE RAKES,
STRAW CUTTERS,
SCYTHES AND
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JAMES LIPPINCOTT,
Pork Packer,
Dealer in S. C. HAMS, BACON, BARREL PORK, DRIED BEEF, LARD, LARD OIL, GREASE, TALLOW, &c., would respectfully solicit a share of the trade, No. 23 SEVENT STREET, Pittsburgh. fa1 1y

IMPORTED WINE VINEGAR.—Bollman's Imperial Triple Vinegar, of superior flavor and strength unsurpassed in quality, for table use or for pickling, for sale by the gallon or less, by JNO. A. RENSHAW,
mh8 Corner Liberty and Hand streets.

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PITTSBURGH THEATRE.
LESSEE AND MANAGER.....WM HENDERSON.

Sixth night of the engagement of
MR. JOHN BROUGHAM.
SATURDAY AFTERNOON, at 2 o'clock, will be presented
Ten Nights in a Bar Room.
EVENING PERFORMANCE will be performed the Comedy of
A GENTLEMAN FROM IRELAND,
After which the ORCHESTRA will perform Mr. BROUGHAM'S Musical Composition,
THE BOBOLINK POLKA.
To conclude with BROUGHAM'S Humorous Extravaganza of
PO-CA-HON-TAS.
In rehearsal, FLIES IN THE WEB.

OPERA HOUSE.
LESSEE AND MANAGERESS.....ANNIE EBERLE.
Saturday Afternoon and Evening.
AFTERNOON will be presented the beautiful and romantic Drama of
The Huntress of the Mississippi.
EVENING, the splendid Drama of
FIFTEEN YEARS OF A DRUNKARD'S LIFE.
Favorite Dance.....Louisa Sylvester.
After which the thrilling Drama of the
Female Horse-Stealer.
To conclude with the romantic Drama of the
FORTY THIEVES.
Monday, the young and beautiful actress, Miss MARY PROVOST.

CITY HALL.
Thursday, Friday, Saturday and Monday Evenings,
APRIL 12, 13, 14 AND 16, 1866, for the benefit of the
Widows' Home.

At the request of the Ladies of the Society, the following named gentlemen will constitute a committee to receive the Funds, &c:

F. R. BRUNOT, JAS. MARSHALL, Rev. T. C. PERSHING, D. D., ALLEN KRAMER, ALEX. NIMICK, JAS. PARK, Jr., GEO. WOODS, LL. D.

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A GRAND NATIONAL ALLEGORY AND TABLEAUX, written expressly for J. M. HAGER'S GRAND ENTERTAINMENTS, will be given on by 300 YOUNG LADIES AND GENTLEMEN, Pupils of the Pittsburgh Female College and the Western University and Others.

PRINCIPAL CHARACTERS—GODDESS OF LIBERTY, THE UNITED STATES, Represented by 36 young Ladies, ATTENDANT, HUNGARIAN, ITALIAN, IRISHMAN, NEGRO BOY, SCHUYLER COLFAX, MR. SEWARD, HISTORY, FOREIGN INTERVENTION, FAMINE, PESTILENCE, ARMY OF THE POTOMAC, SHERMAN, SUMNER, MENENGER, TRAINS, &c., &c., &c. All the Characters will appear in Full Costume.

MISS F. A. HAGER, pupil of S. B. Mills, PIANIST.

The splendid Steinway Concert Grand Piano used on this occasion is from the Ohio Warerooms of H. KLEBER & BRO., No. 122 Wood street.

Tickets, 50 cents. Reserved seats, 75 cents.

Sale of Tickets and Reserved Seats for each Performance will commence at the Music Store of H. KLEBER & BRO., on MONDAY, April 9.

Each Ticket-holder will receive at the door, without extra charge, a Book of 52 pages, containing the entire songs, Declarations, Dialogues, &c., which will add greatly to the appreciation and enjoyment of the Entertainment.

Doors open at 6½. Performance at 7½. apr6 4t

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BLIND TOM,
THE WONDERFUL
BLIND BOY PIANIST,
Will give a Series of his
REMARKABLE CONCEETS,
COMMENCING
Monday Evening, April 2, 1866.

Admission.....50 cents.
Reserved Seats.....75 cents.
Tickets had at the Hall daily from 10 A. M. to 1 P. M.

N. B.—The SPRINWAY CONCERT GRAND PIANO used on this occasion is kindly furnished by H. KLEBER & BRO., No. 122 Wood street.
mh30-10d3 S. C. THAYER, Agent.

NEW CLASSES ARE FORMING
AT
PROF. COWPER'S
Fashionable Dancing Academy,
WILKINS HALL, Fourth street, Days of Tuition, TUESDAY, THURSDAY and SATURDAY afternoons. Masters and Misses, three (3) P. M.; Gentlemen's class, eight (8) in the evening. Wilkins Hall will be exclusively devoted to classes. Apply to PROF. COWPER, at the Hall. mh27-tf

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WILKINS HALL.

This large enough, and not too large by two-thirds in central location, and moderate in price.

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mh27-2wd

BOOTS, SHOES, &c.
GOLD 125.
BOOTS, SHOES AND GAITERS
At Corresponding Prices.

We have made still greater reduction on the price of goods, and are now prepared to sell

BOOTS & SHOES

At prices that cannot fail to please every one. Call to-day and be convinced, at

J. H. & W. G. BORELAND'S,
No. 98 Market Street,
Second door from Fifth. mh31

A FULL ASSORTMENT
OF
Ladies', Misses', Gent's and Boy's
BOOTS, SHOES, GAITERS,
Balmorals, &c.,
CLOSING OUT AT
GREAT BARGAINS,
AT
J. A. ROBINSON & CO.'S,
No. 61 Market Street.
mh29
LADIES', GENTS'
AND
CHILDREN'S
BOOTS, SHOES, GAITERS,
BALMORALS,
Slippers, &c.,
AT
T. A. M'CLELLAND'S
AUCTION EMPORIUM,
Nos. 55 and 57
Fifth Street,
Private Sales Day and Evening.
mh10
GRAND CLOSING OUT SALE
AT 92 FEDERAL STREET,
ALLEGHENY CITY.
$10,000 WORTH OF BOOTS, SHOES,
Gaiters, Balmorals,
Polish Boots and Gums,

To be sold immediately, without regard to COST, to make room for Spring Goods. You are cordially invited to call and see the Goods.

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92 Federal Street, Allegheny City.

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Ladies' Blamorals and Polish Boots.
No. 83 Market street.

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FOR
Ladies' Gaiters.
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J. W. CARNAHAN & CO.,
FOR
Gent's Fine Calf Boots.
mh7 No. 83 Market street.

FOR SALE—FOR RENT.

FOR SALE.—A farm of 44 acres and thirty-six perches, situate in Elizabeth township, Allegheny county, Penna. The improvements are a hewed log dwelling and frame kitchen; bank barn and other out buildings; a good orchard of apple and peach trees, of the best variety. The farm is underlaid with coal and limestone of the best quality; a flag stone quay of a No. 1 quality; very easy of access to the Monongahela river at Suggs Ferry. This small farm I am authorized to sell very low figures.

Also, a Farm of 117 acres, situate in Fallowfield township, Washington county, Pa., about 2 miles from the town of Bentleysville. The improvements are, first, a two-story frame house with five rooms; second, a two-and-a-half story hewed log house; third, a No. 1 new barn, 60 by 46 feet; a good spring house, three large orchards of different fruit, apple, peach, pear, plum, quince, and cherry, &c.; 80 acres cleared; the remainder in good timber. The land is level and of the very best quality, and will be sold at a reduced price.

Also, a Farm of about 120 acres, in Fairfield township, Westmoreland Co., Pa. The improvements are a hewed log house with kitchen attached, a log barn and a tenant house; a good apple orchard, peaches and cherries; about 60 acres cleared, the remainder in the very best white oak timber. The land is good. The location is very healthy. This property I will sell very cheap. Possession immediately.

Also, at gold prices, a Farm of about 143 acres in Fallowfield township, Washington Co., Pa., about one mile west of Lock No. 4, on the Monongahela river. The improvements are a two-story log and frame house and barn, wagon shed and other out-buildings; fencing generally good; a young orchard of apple and other fruit trees; 150 acres of coal of the best quality, and a vein of the best limestone; convenient to churches, schools, mills, &c. This property will be sold on accommodating terms, or will be exchanged for city property. To any person wishing to purchase a farm in a first class grain or stock farm; offered at the low price of $35 per acre. Apply to

B. McLAIN & CO.

DWELLING HOUSE ON WYLIE STREET FOR SALE.—That large and well finished three story Brick Dwelling on Wylie street near Fifth, finished in modern style, containing 7 rooms, kitchen, range, bath room, hot and cold water and gas throughout the building. This is one of the most desirable properties for dwelling or business purposes now offered for sale. Possession April 1st. Terms reasonable. Apply to

B. McLAIN & CO., 102 Fourth street.

DON'T PAY RENT, but call and purchase a very cheap lot in the village of Mount Washington, build yourself a house, become a landlord, save your money, and invest in those 14 valuable lots which I am authorized to sell on very easy terms. For further particulars enquire of

G. H. TOWER, Real Estate Agent,
No. 164 Fourth Street.

FOR SALE—155 acres of Coal, situate in Smith township, Washington county, Penna., near the line of the Steubenville Railroad, at Midway station, about 21 miles from the city. For further particulars, enquire of G. H. TOWER, Real Estate Agent, No. 164 Fourth street, or to WILLIAM C. CAMPBELL, on the premises. Ja20:tf

FOR SALE—Four 2-story Frame Dwellings, on Fayette street.
Also, Two Lots on Watson street, 20 by 112 feet to Forbes street.

JOHN D. BAILEY,
Stock and Real Estate Broker,
Wilkins Hall, Fourth street.

FOR SALE—A two-story Brick Dwelling of 7 rooms, hall, and vestibule, three years built, with lot 45 by 130 feet, situate on Ewalt street, Lawrenceville, all in complete order. For further information, terms, &c., apply at the Real Estate and Insurance Office of G. S. BATES,
mh12 Butler street, Lawrenceville.

IMMEDIATE POSSESSION—No. 28 WEBSTER STREET FOR SALE.—A neat well built two-story Brick House, of hall, 6 rooms, all well papered; cellar and finished attic, with lot 20 feet front, running back to Enoch street, near Roberts street. Price $2,700.

Also, a House and Lot on Mt. Washington for $700. S. CUTHBERT & SONS, 51 Market st.

CHEAP BUILDING LOT FOR SALE in the Seventh Ward, having a front on Dinwiddie street of 150 feet, and extends back along the line of Reed street 100 feet; well situated for a large manufacturing site. Will sell at $6,500 easy terms. Apply to B. McLAIN & CO.

DWELLING & LOT OF GROUND, hall, four rooms, two cellars, finished attic, situate in Third Ward, Allegheny. Price $2,500. Possession at 3 months notice.
mh28 S. CUTHBERT & SONS, 51 Market st.

320 ACRES OF LAND in Bollinger county, Missouri, to offered at $5.00 per acre. Apply to B. McLAIN & CO.

SEWING MACHINES.

WHEELER & WILSON'S
New Improved Family
SEWING MACHINES,
Simple,
Noiseless,
Perfect.
Makes a Stitch Alike on Both Sides.

Is so simple that a CHILD can learn to use them by simply referring to the printed instructions, which are sent with EVERY MACHINE.

EVERY MACHINE
WARRANTED.
Hemming,
Tucking,
Quilting,
Braiding,
Cording,
Felling,
Stitching,
&c., done on these Machines—done to PERFECTION.

They are the Best in the World.

We ask an examination of our Machines before you make your purchase.

WM. SUMNER & CO.,
mh17 NO. 27 FIFTH ST., PITTSBURGH.

GROVER & BAKER'S
SEWING MACHINES

Have been awarded the FIRST PREMIUMS at the following Fairs for the year 1865:

First Premium for best Machine work at Penna State Fair.
First premium for best Machine work at New Yor State Fair.
First Premium for best Family Machine at Oh State Fair.
First premium for best Manufacturing Machine Ohio State Fair.
First premium for best Manufacturing Machine Michigan State Fair.
First Premium for best Manufacturing Machine Wisconsin State Fair.
First Premium for best Manufacturing Machine Lawrence County Fair, Pa.
First Premium for best Machine for general purpose, at Lawrence County Fair, Pa.
First Premium for best Family Machine at Beaver County Fair, Pa.
First premium for best Manufacturing and Family Machine at Butler County Fair, Pa.
First Premium for best Manufacturing and Family Machine at Schuylkill County Fair, Pa.
First Premium for best Machine for all purposes, at Allegheny County Fair, Pa.
First premium for best Manufacturing Machine, Allegheny County Fair, Pa.
First Premium for best Machine work at Allegheny County Fair, Pa.
And wherever exhibited.

A. F. CHATONEY,
GENERAL AGENT,
oc27-eod6m No. 18 Fifth street, Pittsburgh.

SHAW & CLARK'S
IMPROVED
SEWING MACHINES.
40 Machines
SOLD IN TWO DAYS.

Are manufactured without any complicated machinery, and therefore are not liable to get out of order, and are perfectly adapted for every description of Family Sewing and Tailoring. We do not class our Machines with cheap machines, as we have taken off Fairs for prices.

They HEM, FELL, STITCH, BIND, EMBROIDER, QUILT, Licensed by Howe, Wheeler & Wilson, Grover & Baker and Bachelder.

All of our Machines are warranted five years.

AGENTS WANTED.

E. R. HONG, Agent,
112 Grant street, near Fifth,
BARTLETT
$25 *SEWING MACHINE.* $25

Licensed under patents of Howe, Wheeler & Wilson, Grover & Baker, and Singer & Co., and the only Cheap Machine in the United States, having the right to use the Wheeler & Wilson or four motion Under-Feed.

We want Agents to sell them. Will pay $5 or $200 per month, or allow large commissions. Will send Machine, to be paid for when sold. For circulars, terms, &c., enclose stamp, and address

BAILEY BROTHERS, GENERAL AGENTS,
At either of our offices, Philadelphia, Pa., Toledo, Ohio, or St. Louis, Mo.

Sewn with double or single thread.—*Scientific American.* mh28-1m&wf

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R. T. WHITE & CO.,
UNDERTAKERS AND EMBALMERS,
Manchester, Wood's Run and vicinity.
Collin Roomsat Manchester Livery Stable,
Corner of Sheffield and Chartiers streets.
Hearse and Carriages furnished. no10-1y

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Undertaking in all its branches. Disinterring, laying out and furnishing everything necessary for the proper Interment, promptly attended to.

Hearse and Carriages furnished and Carriages always on hand at reasonable terms. de1 1y

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No. 164 Fourth street, Pittsburgh, Pa. COFFINS of all kinds, CRAPES, GLOVES and every description of Funeral Furnishing Goods furnished. Rooms open day and night. Hearse and Carriages furnished.

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ATTORNEY AT LAW,
AND
U. S. Licensed Soldiers' Claim Agent

Bounties for Wounded Soldiers collected in from ten to twenty days.

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Pittsburgh, Pa.

Special attention given to the EXECUTION OF DEEDS, LEASES, MORTGAGES, &c.

Titles examined and Collections made in Pennsylvania, Ohio and West Virginia. 6:1y

MILITARY CLAIMS, PENSIONS, BOUNTIES, BACK PAY, and Military claims of every description, collected by the subscriber, at the following rates, viz: Pensions, $10; all other claims, $4.50.

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Attorney at Law,
Diamond street, opposite the Court House.

N. B.—No charges are made if the claim does not accrue, and all information given gratis. se7:1y

L. P. STONE,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
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FORTY YEARS PRACTICE
IN SEXUAL DISEASES

Gives me a knowledge seldom acquired by Physicians, and the long confidence this ability, and the amount of patients treated annually for it, are sufficient proof of my success.

SPERMATORRHŒA, or Sexual Weakness, and all diseases arising therefrom, are cured in a much shorter time than heretofore by my NEW VEGETABLE REMEDIES. Medicines sent to any part of the Union. All letters must contain a stamp to pay return postage. Correspondence held sacred. Offices, 85 SMITHFIELD STREET, Pittsburgh. Diamond Address, J. W. BRANSTRUP, M. D.
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PRIVATE DISEASES.
OFFICE 233½ PENN STREET, near Hand.

For the cure of all diseases of a private nature, in from two to four days, by an entirely new and safe treatment. Also, Seminal Weakness, and all other diseases of the genital organs and their prevention Cure warranted or money refunded.

Office hours—7 to 10 A. M., 1 to 3, and 6 to 8 P. M. Address letters W., 233½ Penn street apr16

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JOHN M. KENNEDY,
Successors to Jno. Murdoch, Jr.
NURSERYMEN AND FLORISTS, Pittsburgh, Pa., solicit a share of public patronage. Extensive stock of fruit and ornamental trees, evergreens, grape vines and greenhouse plants.

Pittsburgh and Oakland Passenger Cars run to the Greenhouses every fifteen minutes. mh21-3meod M'INTYRE, M'NAUGHER & CO.

VARIETIES AND TOYS.

BUY YOUR NOTIONS,
Toys, Baskets,
VARIETIES, &c., AT
J. G. LAUER'S
Variety and Store, No. 101 Market street.
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WM. J. STEEL. ED. J. STEEL.

W. J. STEEL & BRO., late Fleming, STEEL & STEEL, PRODUCE COMMISSION MERCHANTS, receive and sell Flour, Corn Meal, Oats and Corn, Beans, Bacon, Lard, Butter, Cheese, Eggs, Pork, Green and Dry Fruits, Potatoes, Flax and Grass Seed, Feathers, Oil Barrels, Hoop Poles, Lime, Salt, &c., &c. Particular attention paid to the sale of Foreign and Domestic Fruits, No. 138 Third street, Pittsburgh, Pa. feb3md

CHARLES C. BALSLEY, Produce and Commission Merchant, Warehouse No. 201 LIBERTY STREET, Pittsburgh, Pa. Wholesale dealer in Butter, Cheese, Lard, Eggs, Pork, Bacon, Beans, Tallow, Feathers, Rags, Hides, Grease, Dry Fruits, Green Fruits, Onions, Flour, Grain, Clover Seeds, Timothy Seeds, Flax Seeds, Game and Poultry. Particular attention given to Produce Consignments. au15

ALEX. M'BANE. JOHN S. ANJER.

M'BANE & ANJER, COMMISSION MERCHANTS and dealers in FLOUR, GRAIN and PRODUCE, Second street, between Wood and Smithfield, Pittsburgh. ap21:1y

THOS. POTTER. JOHN AIKEN. S. A. SHEPPARD.

POTTER, AIKEN & SHEPARD Commission Merchants, and dealers in Foreign and Domestic Fruits, Flour, Butter, Cheese, Eggs, Potatoes and produce generally. No. 200 LIBERTY STREET, opposite Passenger Depot, Pittsburgh.

W. CULP. OTIS SHEPARD.

CULP & SHEPARD, Commission Merchants and dealers in Flour, Grain and Produce, No. 347 Liberty street, Pittsburgh.

Choice brands of Flour for Bakers and Family use constantly on hand. Particular attention paid to filling order sfor-Merchandise generally. oc6:1y

LITTLE, BAIRD & PATTON, Wholesale Grocers, Commission Merchants, and dealers in Produce, Flour, Bacon, Cheese, Fish, Carbon and Lard Oil, Iron, Nails, Glass, Cotton Yarns and all Pittsburgh manufactures generally 19 and 21 Second street, Pittsburgh.

WM. P. BECK. THOS. MITCHELL.

WM. P. BECK & CO., No. 185 Liberty street, Pittsburgh, Pa., Wholesale Grocers, Commission Merchants and dealers in Country Produce, Eggs, Lard, Butter, Cheese, Fish, &c., Produce, Flour, Grain, Seeds, Green and Dried Fruits, &c., Salt and Lime. jy16

P. REYMER. C. REYMER. WM. D. REYMER.

REYMER & BROS., (Successors to P. Reymer & Anderson,) Wholesale Dealers in Foreign Fruits, Nuts and Spices, Confectionery, Sugars, Fireworks, &c., Nos. 125 and 128 Wood Street, above Fifth Pittsburgh. fy22:1y

ROBT. KNOX. ANDREW KNOX.

R. KNOX & SON, Commission MERCHANT

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

SATURDAY, April 7, 1866.

ROBINSON, McCLEAN & CO.,

Bankers and Brokers,

No. 75 Fourth Street, Pittsburgh,

Dealers in all kinds of Government Securities, Gold and Silver, Uncurrent Bank Notes, Foreign and Domestic Exchange, etc., etc., etc.

Deposits received in Par Funds and Currency. Interest allowed on time deposits. Collections made in all parts of the United States on most favorable terms.

Orders executed with ispatch for everything in the business at the Boston, New York, Philadelphia, and Pittsburgh Brokers' Boards strictly on commission.

Draw on H. CLEWS & CO., New York, J. COOKE & CO., Philadelphia; Messrs. C. D. & T. H. PERKINS, Boston.

FINANCE AND TRADE.

FRIDAY, April 6, 1866.

Eastern telegrams report a firmer gold market, Governments a trifle lower, and the general stock market strong and buoyant.

Pittsburgh quotations—Gold, buying, 1,26, selling, 1,27@1,28. U. S. Five-Twenties, 104@ selling, 1,27@1,28. U. S. Five-Twenties, 104@ 104½; 1881, 104¾@105; Ten-Forties, 99¾@99½; Seven-Thirties, 99¾ buying—selling par to ⅛ premium.

There has been but little movement in the various kinds of stocks and shares dealt in mainly in this market during the week. We know of sales of City of Pittsburgh Bonds, (Municipal 6's) at 86, and Allegheny City 6's, (Municipal) at 86. Without drawing the contrast too finely, the above sales very nearly express the business talent displayed by the finance committee in each city. Allegheny, through the energy and financial tact of one man, is now able to buy in her 6's, and even her 4 per cents, at rates satisfactory to the holders and honorable to the city. Pittsburgh, through lack of both, is unable to fund her 6's at 86, and is compelled to see her 5's selling in the home market 5 per cent lower than Allegheny City 4's. We might add a word of further contrast, comparing the way in which the creditors of each city are met by those with whom they are forced to deal, "finance committees," etc., but the word added might touch some good friends and neighbors rather unpleasantly, and we forbear. This we will say, however, "do not step aside to unnecessarily detract from the city's faith or ability, and creditors will be quite as ready to sell at a fair loss or compromise."

Connellsville Railroad Bonds have been quiet, at about the old quotations, 79@80. Allegheny county 5's a half better in Philadelphia, sales yesterday at 73. Nothing doing in A. V. R. R. Mortgage 7's, and the stock heavy. But little, however, on the market—we cannot give reliable quotations. Connellsville shares 89½@10; Fort Wayne & Chicago governed by New York rates, where it has been quite unsteady throughout the week.

Insurance stocks stagnant. The only sales made during the week were a few shares of Boatman's at 80½, and Cash at —.

Quotations for Gas unchanged. No sales reported.

Bridge Stocks appear to be in better request Sales of the Birmingham (upper bridge) at 83.

There was much less than usual done in Bank Shares, though the few sales made were rather above last week's quotations. We mention M. & M. National at 102, and Bank of Commerce National, withdrawn at 114 bid.

Did any one hear of a single sale of Oil Stocks during the week? We would be happy to have the fortunate individuals report for these columns.

The lucky holders of National Bankers' Express Stock who would not sell at $125@ per share on $5 paid in, must have been gratified to read the circulars which come to hand this week, announcing the completion of the "bargain and sale," and politely informing them that after the 20th instant they would be entitled to receive their money back, less the amount necessary to liquidate certain unsettled claims against the Company. The worthy officers cannot have neglected to secure their own pitiable salaries! The stock is offered at 85 per share in New York—no buyers. Venturesome parties here, we learn, bid 82½ to-day.

The Comptroller of the Currency has written a letter to the Finance Committee of the Senate recommending an increase of one hundred millions of national currency for the purpose of equalizing the issues to all States and territories according to wealth and population, giving to those now without or short the first chance, before any is issued to those which have received their full share under existing laws.

The panic and general disarrangement of business among the national banks in the Pennsylvania oil regions has finally induced Treasury Department to send Mr. Jos. C. G. Kennedy, of Washington, to investigate their condition and report immediately. Mr. Kennedy goes armed with authority to act summarily, and unless the suspected institutions can make satisfactory exhibits their days are already numbered. The drafts drawn by Culver, Penn & Co. by the First National Bank of South Bend, Indiana, will be paid by the Merchants Exchange National Bank of this city, and the First National Bank of New York will pay those drawn by the First National of Titusville. Among the banks which are reported to have suffered are the Crawford County National Bank at Meadville, which has a paid up capital of $200,000, and $100,000 in bonds deposited with the Treasury of the United States as security for a national circulation, but it has as yet received none of its bills. It has notes issued as a State bank on hand, however, to the extent of $252,000. The Venango County National Bank of Franklin has a capital of $500,000 and $100,000 in bonds deposited, upon which it has received $45,000 of national currency, and it also has $180,000 of its old State issues outstanding. The Petroleum Bank of Titusville had taken steps to organize as a National bank, but it had never deposited any bonds or received a certificate of authority to do business as such. It has a capital of $100,000 and about $80,000 circulation. The Commercial Bank of Lawrence county, at Newcastle, has a capital of $150,000 and about $100,000 of its old notes out. The Oil City Bank has a capital of $100,000, with nearly its full quota of national notes.

Thompson's Reporter gives the following quotations for the notes of these banks:

Oil City Bank, Oil City, Penn., 75 per cent discount.

Bank of Crawford County, Penn., 62 per cent discount.

Venango Bank, Franklin, Penn., 10 per cent discount.

Petroleum Bank, Titusville Penn., 10 per cent discount.

—From the Chicago *Tribune*, of Thursday, we find the following additional particulars in regard to the recent failure in that city, of B. Hutchings Badger:

The failure or "assignment" of B. Hutchings Badger, noted yesterday, has excited considerable comment in financial circles to-day, and the general verdict seems to be, that a "nice little game" has been played by somebody. The facts immediately connected with the failure are as follows: About eleven or half past eleven o'clock yesterday forenoon, Mr. B. H. Badger went to the Second National Bank and informed the officers of that institution that he had $10,000 in gold to ship to New York, and which he would ship in their order and bring them the express receipt for the same before the bank closed (3 o'clock) if they would accommodate him with $12,500 in currency. So that he could make additional purchases—he to give them a draft on New York, with the gold as collateral. As the Cashier of the Second National Bank had no reason to doubt but Mr. Badger would bring in the gold receipts and drafts, as he agreed to do, he gave him the currency. Immediately thereafter, Mr. Badger proceeded to the Merchants' National Bank (not the Commercial, as stated yesterday) told the same story, made the same arrangement, received $12,412.80 more, promised to bring in the exchange with the gold or the express receipt therefor, before the bank closed. These two sums—amounting to $25,412.80 he deposited with A. C. Badger & Co—the principal of which firm is a cousin of his—and by two o'clock p. m. he had made an assignment to a man named Smith, said to be his book-keeper.

On the afternoon of Monday, however, Mr. Badger purchased gold and sterling exchange from James Boyd & Brothers, to the extent of $4,700, and paid the latter with a check on A. C. Badger & Co. He also on the same day made purchases of gold, &c., of N. Corwith, to the value of $6,400, and paid him in the same way. Both these checks were deposited and went through the Clearing House, but they were returned yesterday forenoon unpaid—A. C. Badger & Co. having refused to pay them.

Both Boyd & Brothers and N. Corwith accepted these checks as payment, with the understanding which existed in the minds of the public that A. C. Badger & Co. would pay the over-drafts, if any, of B. H. Badger, and they did not think it necessary to get the checks certified at the bank, as they generally do with weak drawers.

It is also proper to state that the officers of the Second National Bank at least, upon inquiry, were informed by A. C. Badger & Co. that any transactions they (the Second National Bank) had with B. H. Badger, would be "all right," and on the strength of this assurance, they did not have the least doubt but Mr. B. H. Badger would bring in the $10,000 in gold which he informed them he had in his possession, as he agreed to do.

We understand that Mr. B. H. Badger's account in the bank of A. C. Badger & Co. was overdrawn yesterday morning, and that as soon as the latter received the deposit of $25,412.80, they "shut down" on him. It is said that the officers of the Second National and the Merchants' National Bank should feel aggrieved; but it was not necessary that A. C. Badger & Co. should know where B. H. Badger got the money to make his account good.

It is proper to add that there is a reasonable hope that the claims of James Boyd & Bros., and N. Corwith will be paid by A. C. Badger & Co., as, at the time the checks were presented, there was sufficient to the credit of B. H. Badger to pay them. Messrs. Boyd & Brothers express themselves fully satisfied that Mr. B. H. Badger, when he gave them the check for $4,700, had every reason to suppose that it would be promptly cashed on presentation.

The claims against B. H. Badger are reported as follows:

James Boyd & Brothers	$3,700
N. Corwith	6,400
Second National	12,800
Merchants' National Bank	12,812
Sundries	10,000
Total	$45,712

To meet this, it is reported that A. C. Badger & Co. had $10,000 to the credit of B. H. Badger, when Boyd & Brothers and N. Corwith presented their checks, and that $5,000 is due B. H. Badger by sundry brokers, speculators, and others, on differences. It is doubtful, however, whether or not the latter can be collected.

The worst feature of this affair seems to us to be the destruction of confidence which will take place among our bankers regarding young men, of small capital, doing what is termed a broker age business. Hitherto, any of our young brokers could call upon our bankers to obtain temporary accommodations for a specific purpose, as B. Hutchings Badger did, but now they will be afraid to do this, lest they might be deceived in the promises made. It quite often happens that a young, enterprising broker may be enabled to make a good profit in purchasing a round lot of gold or stocks, if he can temporarily obtain a loan of a few thousand dollars of a neighboring banker, to enable him to complete the "trade." Mr. B. H. Badger has done none more than any one else to damage this class, for our bankers will now be unwilling to lend money for an hour or two, unless the collaterals are put up.

—The Boston *Advertiser* says:

We regret to announce the suspension of Messrs. James H. Clapp & Co., bankers on State street. We understand that their failure was caused by large outside operations in Petroleum.

PITTSBURGH MARKETS.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, } FRIDAY, April 6, 1866. }

The produce markets continue quiet, though there is a fair business doing in a jobbing way, stocks of all kinds, both in the hands of wholesalers and retailers, are comparatively light, and both are buying sparingly and selling as freely as possible, the motto being to keep down supplies to the lowest possible point, and thus avoid the loss which is almost sure to result from depreciation in values.

GRAIN—No transactions in Wheat reported to-day. Oats reported steady, with sales from store at 46@46. Barley is in demand; and prime spring sells readily at 75, and Fall at 80. Corn is quiet and unchanged. Rye—last sales at 70@75 for prime Penna.

FLOUR—Is steady, with a fair local demand, at $8½@8¾ for Spring Wheat; $8½@9 for half spring and half Winter, and $10@10½ for all Winter. Rye Flour quoted at $8½@8¾ per bbl.

PROVISIONS—Bacon is dull but unchanged, at 13@13½ for Shoulders and Sides, and 14@15 for Sugar Cured Hams. Lard is held at 13@13½ and Mess Pork at $25 —.

SEEDS—Sales of 30 bushels of Clover Seed at $5@5½ per bushel. Timothy is selling in small lots at $3½@3¾. Sales of 12 bbls Flaxseed at $2 —.

BUTTER—Is quiet and unchanged; sales at 40@45 for common to prime Roll, and 50 cents for choice.

EGGS—Sales at 20@22.

CHEESE—Is quiet and unchanged; Sales of Hamburg at 23@24, and Goshen at 25.

POTATOES—In good demand and scarce; sales at $1.30 to $1.35 per bush, and $3.75@4 per barrel.

BEANS—Dull and neglected, with a supply considerably in excess of the demand; small sales from store at $1.75@2 per bush.

SALT—Very dull; quoted at $2.60@2.65 by the car load, and the usual advance for small lots.

LIQUORS—Still dull and unchanged, small sales at 65 to 70, for prime.

SOAP AND CANDLES—The following are the sawyers' quotations. Mould and Dippid Candles, 18@19; Tallow and Star, 20. German and Palm Soap, 14; No. 1 Rosin, —; No. 2 do. 5, Detersive, 12½ per bar; Chemical, $5 per box; Castile, 15c per lb; Variegated Toilet, 16; Barrisvia, $3 per dozen; Honey, —; per dozen; Transparent 50c per dozen,

PITTSBURGH PETROLEUM MARKET.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE } FRIDAY, April 6, 1866. }

CRUDE—The market for Crude continues weak and unsettled, and holders generally are more anxious to realize—some of them making concessions in order to effect sales. We now quote at 14@15 cts, bbls returned, and 19@20, bbls included; with sales of 900 bbls at 15; 1500 do do, at 14; and 200 at 14. The depression which is the leading characteristic of the market at present, may be attributed to the fact that the refined article is dull and lower, and refiners, consequently, are unwilling to pay 15 cts for Crude, with the demand for Refined falling off and prices declining. These may not be very palateable facts for Crude men, but they are true, nevertheless, and, while, as we have already stated, there has been no material change in prices as yet, there is no disguising the fact that, judging from present appearances, the tendency is toward lower rates.

REFINED—The demand for bonded oil continues somewhat restricted, and what is worse still, prices, instead of improving, are getting worse daily. The best offers we could hear of to-day for April delivery, in bond, were 40 cents, against 42½ and 43 for June against 46. We have every reason to anticipate that the export demand has not yet fairly set in, and that the great proportion of oil sold thus far this season, has been taken by speculators, and, consequently, instead of having gone out of the country, is still here, and will be thrown upon the market whenever there is room for a margin, which is not at present. Free Oil is dull, and unchanged at 55@56.

ARRIVALS—The following is a pretty accurate report of the arrivals by the Allegheny River, since our last report:

T. McWhinney	150	Bbler & Bro.
Jas. Wilkins	188	Vandergrift
Jas. Baxter	50	Jno. Benn
J. E. Strickler	29	H. McKelvy
Jas. Gallagher	665	Hill & Metzgar
Total	1,282	

New York Stock and Money Market.

NEW YORK, April 6.—The Money Market is rather more active at 6 per cent, closing dull and heavy at 105@106. Gold unchanged, opening at 128, declining to 127, and closing at 127¾. The Government Department is quiet and scarcely 20 firm. Freights to Liverpool dull. Stocks strong; U. S. issues 5-20 Coupons of '62, 104½; do. '64, 104; Tennessee Sixes, 91; Missouri Sixes, 72; Ohio 6's, 104; Certificates, 2's; Quicksilver, 40½; Erie, 74½; W. U. Telegraph, 58; Mariposa, 13½; New York Central, 92½; Pacific Scrip, 102; Reading, 101; Michigan Southern, 81; Pittsburgh, 79½; Chicago & North Western, 51¾; Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne & Chicago, 90¾.

The *Commercial Advertiser* says: Government Stocks are less active and rather weak. Investment securities supplied slightly in excess of the demand, and the second and third series are ½ lower. Money is in active demand from the street, and the rate on call was firm at 6 per cent. The Secretary of the Treasury makes no temporary changes respecting discounts, and there is, perhaps, a practical contraction in the principal part of the paper. Prime names are current at 7@8 per cent.; good paper, 9@10 per cent. Gold is less active; a portion of the late short contracts appear to be still unsettled, and the leading bull interest is large on a premium. The rate on borrowed gold is 1-16@⅛ per cent. per day. Foreign Exchange is still dull; prime Bankers' sixty days sterling is offered at 109¾@109¾; France's, long date, 5.20@5.23½; Prounce bills, 105¾@106¾. Sterling cotton bills, 109¾.

New York Market.

NEW YORK, April 6.—Cotton heavy at 35@36c for middling. Flour dull and in favor of buyers, at $7,10@7,50 for Extra State; $8,20@8,50 for Extra R. H. O.; $8,00@11 for Trade Brands, the market closing dull. Whisky steady at $2,50 for State and $2,21 for Western. Wheat opened rather more steady, and closed quiet and unchanged, at $1,55@1,56 for Milwaukee Club; choice No. 1, $2,05 for winter red western; $2,55 for white do. Corn is better, with fair demand, chiefly for home use, at 74@77c for unsound, and 78@79c for sound mixed western, in store and delivered. Oats is better, closing dull at 80@85c for new western, and 56@58c for old do. Petroleum dull at 38c for crude, and 46c for refined in bond. Coffee dull. Molasses dull, New Orleans at $1,05; also 135 hhds of Porto Rico at 90c. Pork less active and heavy at $25,87@26 for new mess, closing at $26 cash, $25@25,25 for old do, and $21,50@22 for prime; also, 200 bbls new mess, for April, May and June, seller's option, at $26@26,25. Beef unchanged. Beef hams firm at $22@24—the latter an extreme. Bacon more active, at 14¾c for Cumberland cut, 15¾c for short-ribbed, and 16@ for clear. Lard heavy at 16@16½c. Cut meats steady at 11@c for shoulders, and 16@18c for hams. Butter quiet at 25@45c for Ohio, and 50@60c for State. Cheese dull at 16@22c

New York Iron Market.

NEW YORK, April 4.—The market for American Pig is much depressed, the recent strikes through the country having caused the closing of 54 foundries, by which the consumption of Pig has been reduced 1000 tons per day. No. 1 is offering at $46, at which some 500 tons have been run off in lots; small parcels No. 2 Trenton sold at the same price. Scotch is in some little request for immediate use, but the market for this also is dull and lower; 300 tons sold at $44 for Glengarnock, at a small way, for Gartsherrie, and $42 for Eglinton, ex ship. 100 tons Forest Scrap sold on terms we did not learn. One hundred tons Trenton Street Rails sold at $76, delivered here, and 50 tons American Refined Bar, from manufacturers' hands, $100. From store, the market is dull, and prices are generally about $5 lower—we quote Store prices—Refined Bar $115; Common, $105; Scrap, $145@105. Oval and Half-round, $137,50@147,50; Band $145; Horse Shoe $140@ 147,50; Rods 7-8@5-16, $117,50@175; Hoop 1¼@2¼, and Nail Rod 9@10 cents.

Cincinnati Market.

CINCINNATI, April 6.—There is a fair demand for the higher grades of flour, but the lower grades are dull and prices unchanged. Wheat is in fair demand and firm. No. 2 Red, $1,80, and old $2,30@2,35, no White offering. Corn dull, at 54@ 55c. Oats dull, at 58@59c for No. 2, and 60c for No. 1. Whisky dull, at $2,22. Mess Pork, at $25,-50, and dull. Bulk Meats, at 10@13c, and dull; these rates include packages. Bacon dull, at 12¾@12¾c for Shoulder, and 14½@15c for Sides, and 15¾c for Clear Sides. Lard at 15@15¾c, good, $1,26 and dull.

New York Seed Market.

NEW YORK, April 4.—The demand for Clover has fallen off, and the larger offerings the market has become quite dull; the business has been confined to 2@300 bags at $5@11 cents for Ohio and State. Timothy is in active demand and supplies limited. Further advance; the sales are 1000@1200 bags at $4@4,50. Flax is very dull at $2,90@2,95. The Boston *Ship List* reports sales there of 1000 bbls. Cotton Seed at $25 per ton, cash.

Award of Flour.

Under the proposals opened on Tuesday by Gen. T. J. Haines, Commissary, for 3000 bbls of Flour, the following award was made yesterday to J. T. Buckland, at $6,95 per bbl.—*St. Louis Republican, 5th.*

St. Louis Market.

ST. LOUIS, April 6.—Cotton dull and unchanged. Flour unchanged. Corn lower at 58@59c. Oats drooping at 39@40c. Pork, $26. Mess Bacon dull and unchanged.

Baltimore Market.

BALTIMORE, April 6.—Flour steady. Wheat firm. Corn active and higher. Provisions dull and inactive. Whisky dull, Western, $2,25.

New York Dry Goods Market.

NEW YORK, April 5.—The following are the quotations at the New York Dry Goods Exchange. Jobbers prices: Brown Sheetings—Indian Head, 25c; Pittsfield, 23c; Shawmut, 24c. Bleached Shirtings—Bates, 40c; do. B & B, 36c; Langdon, 38c. Prints—Merrimack, 26c; Wamsutta, 34½c. Delaines—Manchester, 22½c. Pacific, 22½c. Ginghams—Lancaster, 30c; Hartford, 21½c. Cambries—Washington, 18c; Victory, 17c. Silesias—Clinton, 20c; Hopedale, 25c. Canton Flannels—Laconia, F 35c; Nashua, 27c.

Chicago Market.

CHICAGO, April 6, *Evening.*—Flour, steady Wheat, firm, at $1,27@1,27½ for No. 1, and 96@ 98c for No. 2. Corn, firm at 45½@46c for fresh No. 1, and 44@42c for No. 2. Oats, quiet, at 26@27c for No. 1. Provisions, dull; Mess Pork, $25,25@25,50. Lard, 13½@13. Live Hogs, $9,25@9,30. Receipts, 5,000 bbls Flour; 3,000 bushels Wheat; 1,000 bush. Corn; 5,000 bush. Oats. Shipments, 3,000 bbls Flour; 22,000 bush. Wheat; 2,500 bush. Corn; 700 bush. Oats.

New Orleans Market.

NEW ORLEANS, April 6.—Cotton irregular but rather firmer; sales 4,500 bales low middling at 34½@35c. Sales for the week, 18,000 bales; Receipts for the week, 18,150 bales, against 15,020 bales last week; exports, 20,000 bales; stock in market, 76,000 bales. Sugar, fair to fully fair, 10½c. Molasses nominal. Coffee, fair to prime, 20½@22c. Flour, $13,25. Corn, 52@65c. Oats, 54c. Hay $25 per ton. Pork, $18. Tobacco, $14@15. Sterling, 153.

IMPORTS BY RAILROAD.

PITTSBURGH, FORT WAYNE & CHICAGO, R. R. April 6.—200 pigs lead, J. B. Canfield; 35 bbls turnips, W. J. Stark; 24 pkgs to store, W. H. Hanson & co; 100 bbls flour, T. C. Jenkins; 100 do do, Culp & Shepard; 100 do do, D. Wallace; 1 car fire brick, Miller & co; 1 car middlings, D. Wallace; 100 bbls flour, H. Dalzell & co; 250 bushels potatoes, J. H. Voigt & co, 4 cars pig iron, Minnick & co; 5 bbls dry apples, Cook, Bro & co; 3 bbls eggs, Seibert & Morgan; 1 car wood for store at 46@46. Barley is in demand; and prime spring sells readily at 75, and Fall at 80. Corn is quiet and unchanged. Rye—last sales at 70@75 for prime Penna.

FLOUR—Is steady, with a fair local demand, at $8½@8¾ for Spring Wheat; $8½@9 for half spring and half Winter, and $10@10½ for all Winter. Rye Flour quoted at $8½@8¾ per bbl.

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TRAVELERS' GUIDE.

Arrival and Departure of Trains.

Pennsylvania Central Railroad.

Departs.	Arrives.
Day Express..... 2:20 a m	Mail..... 1:50 a m
Altoona Accom'n.. 7:00 a m	1st Wall Accom'n 6:30 a m
Cincinnati Exp's 9:30 a m	Penn Ac'n No 1.. 7:50 a m
Mail..... 11:40 a m	2d Wall Accom.. 9:00 a m
Phila'a Express.. 12:35 p m	Baltimore Exp's 1:45 p m
Johnstown Ac'n.. 2:50 p m	Johnst'n Accom. 6:00 a m
Fast Line..... 4:00 p m	Fast Line..... 12:45 p m
Mail Accom..... 6:30 a m	Erie Mail..... 12:45 p m
2d " ..... 11:30 a m	3d Wall Accom.. 2:20 p m
3d " ..... 4:00 p m	Phila'a Express.. 2:20 p m
4th Wall's Ac'n.. 6:00 p m	Wash'n Exp's.. 7:15 p m
Penn Ac'n No 1.. 10:00 p m	Altoona Accom..

Kinzer Train..10:30 p m

The church train leaves Wall's Station every Sunday at 9:15 a m.; returning, leaves Pittsburgh at 2:30 p. m.

Pittsburgh, Columbus and Cincinnati

Departs.	Arrives.
Fast Line..... 2:50 a m	Fast Line..... 9:40 a m
Mail..... 6:30 a m	Mail..... 5:50 p m
Express..... 2:30 p m	Express..... 1:10 a m
Steubenville Accommodation..... 4:10 p m	Steubenville Accommodation..... 10:10 a m

Pittsburgh, Ft. Wayne and Chicago.

Departs.	Arrives.
Express..... 4 a m	Express..... 9:35 a m
Express..... 2:30 p m	Express..... 9:35 p m
Express..... 2 p m	Express..... 3:25 p m
Mail..... 2:15 p m	Mail..... 1:10 p m

Wheeling Express 4:15 p m

New Brighton Accommodation leaves Allegheny depot at 7 a. m., 11:30 a. m., 4:30 p. m., and 8:00 p. m. Rochester, 2:15 p. m.; New Castle, 3:30 p. m.; Fronstown, 6:45 p. m.; Wheeling, 9:30 p. m.

Pittsburgh, Cleveland and Wheeling.

Departs.	Arrives.
Express..... 8:25 a m	Express..... 6:30 p m
Express..... 2:00 p m	Express..... 10:00 a m
Mail..... 6:25 a m	Express..... 2:25 a m

Steubenville Accommodation leaves Allegheny at 5 p. m.

Pittsburgh and Connellsville.

Departs.	Arrives.
Mail..... 7:00 a m	Mail..... 6:00 p m
Express..... 3:00 p m	Express..... 10:00 a m
Accommodation.. 6:00 p m	Accommodation.. 8:45 a m
Express..... 10:00 a m	Express..... 2:00 p m

Braddock's Ac'n.. 11:00 a m | Braddock's Ac'n.. 6:30 p m
Church Train..... 1:00 p m | Church Train..... 10:00 a m

Allegheny Valley Railroad.

Departs.	Arrives.
Mail..... 6:55 a m	Express..... 11:00 a m
Express..... 5:10 p m	Mail..... 6:10 m
Accommodation.. 1:40 p m	Accommodation.. 9 a m

Pittsburgh and Erie Railroad, to Oil City and Franklin.

Arrives.	Departs.
No. 40 Express.. 7 p m	No. 37 Express.. 8:35 a m
Via Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne and Chicago, and Erie Express.	

Aranswville Road—Grand and Water Sts.

Arrives.	Departs.
10..... 4:00 p m	1 and 3 a m..... 5:00 p m

Harmony Stage, St. Clair St.

Arrives.	Departs.
7 p. m.	7 a. m.

Butler Stage—No. 3 St. Clair Street.

Arrives.	Departs.
7 p. m.	7 a. m.

Washington Stage—Hare's Hotel

Arrives.	Departs.
6:45 p. m.	8:45 a. m.

EXCELSIOR OMNIBUS & LIVERY STABLE,

400 PENN STREET.

JAMES DAIN & SON, Proprietors.

OMNIBUSSES AND CARRIAGES furnished for all occasions. Also, Carriages for Funerals, Weddings and Parties, at short notice and reasonable rates. STAGES OPEN DAY AND NIGHT. mch7:1yd

LETTER LIST.

LIST OF UNCLAIMED LETTERS remaining in the Post Office at Allegheny City, Pa., SATURDAY, APRIL 7, 1866.

To obtain any of these letters, the applicant must call for "Advertised Letters," giving the date of this list and pay ONE CENT for advertising.

If not called for within *one month* they will be sent to the Dead Letter Office.

FREE DELIVERY letters by carriers, at the residences of owners, may be secured by observing the following rules:

1. DIRECT letters plainly to the street and number, as well as the Post Office and State.

2. HEAD letters with the writer's *Post Office and State, street and number*; also them plainly with full name, and request that answers be directed accordingly.

3. Letters to strangers or transient visitors in a town or city, whose special address may be unknown, should be marked on the lower left hand corner, with the word "Transient."

4. PLACE the postage stamp on the *upper right hand* corner, and *leave space* between the stamp and direction for postmarking without interfering with the writing.

N. B.—A REQUEST for the RETURN of a letter to the writer, if not delivered within thirty days, may be written or printed with the writer's name, *Post Office, and State*, across the left hand end of the envelope, on the face side, will be complied with at the usual prepaid rate of postage, payable when the letter is delivered to the owner.—*New York Liter. Gazette.*

A	Gibson Henry	Neely, Alex	
Atchell Agnes	Graham Sam'l	Nixon, Aggie	
Armstrong E.	Gardner J R	Newman, A	
Akin Sam'l	Gallagher M	Nicholas Ros	
Adams Jane	Green Mary J	Neilker, E	
Atley James	Grisdle Mary	O	
Armstrong M's	Galbraith Wm	Oliver, Co	
Alexander W	Graham Philip	P	
B	Grant Richard	Preshaw, A J	
Brown Anna C	H	Phillips, C J	
Bell Annie	Hanna Annie	Patterson, E J	
Barnes Annie	Holmes A E	Porter, Jas	
Burchfield E L	Hoyt Catharin	Phillaby, J	
Bell Elias C	Henderson A	Porter, Jas	
Burns Henry	Holmes E J	Prentice, J	
Bassman P	Heald F	Parker, J J	
Brown Ll Jno	Hill F H	R	
Bown J C	Herr Hiram	Richards, C C	
Bortard Prof J	Hotz Hiram	Reed, J	
Beyan James	Heziep Sam'l	Reno, H R	
Braydon Jas	Harbison L P	Robinson, H C	
Barnes Joseph	Hatterson J F	Ross, John	
Baird James	Hollis John H	Robinson, J	
Burchfield	Harlan John	Richards, N M	
Bennett Thos	Hefron John	Reynolds, Wm	
Barr Thomas	Hawks John	S	
Boyle Mary	Hatch N B	Steel, Albert	
Burk mary	Hamilton W	Sheets, A	
Breenn Wm	Holden Robert	Stottler, Anna	
Beckham D W	Ingolosby A	Stewart, C	
Barton Wm	McAliter	Sloan, Chas N	
Brobst Wm B	J	Simpson, Kate	
Boals Wm	Jordon D D	Seaman, E F	
Beadell Wm P	Jdengert Geo	Sanders, E M	
C	Jones Jas	Smith Elizah	
Clifton Annie	Jones Thos M	Speck F	
Canning Brgt	James Thos D	Selior Frank J	
Campbell C M	Jones Thos D	Slator Geo R	
Calhoun C A	K	Scott Hannah	
Cowan F P	Kerns Ann E	Smith Henry	
Clary Hiram	Knox Abbie A	Savery H M	
Citchison H	Kolber G	Straight Henry	
Cook E W	King Chas R	Speer Sallie	
Cashbough J J	Kerr Ellen A	Snee Samuel	
Coppersmith J	Kennedy G	Stone Lusher	
Campbell J F	Kiern Henry	Scott Mrs	
Cough J D	King Sarah	Sadler John	
Caldwell Jas	Kling Israel	Stewart John J	
Challgan Jas	Kebbert J E	Smith Joseph	
Christian John	Kely John	Still John M	
Callery James	Keoson Thos	Spafford J W	
Curran John	Kelly Lucy	Scott Thos	
Craig Mary	King Molly	Smith Conis	
Cornelius Mathew	Kindreck W H	Scott M	
Cornelius M Y	Knox R	Sheals Mary	
Cummins M	Krosen R	Smock Martha	
Campbell M L	L	Slagle Mary	
Camp Matilda	Lee James	Shanks Mary J	
Cummins M	Londers Mary	Sloss Wm	
Copeland M	Lane Wm H	Short Robt	
Chrisinger M	Luider C	M	
Caldwell Wm	M	Thornly Jas	
Clark P F	Maylor Ann	Thrsell Jas	
Cinnamond E	Millison E	Thompson L H	
Clement Elir	Minesinger E	Tillis Nettie	
D	Miller Hannah	U	
Davis Alex	Meserole G H	William Barth	
Dorman A W	Miller S	Wood Kate	
Dennis H C	Minin S	William F G D	
Dalrymple H	Moody J H	Wise Geo	
Dalzell Janie	Maxwell Jas A	Wallace M	
Dalzell John B	Moore F S	Wallace Sam	
Dubre John	Milholland R	Waddington J	
Dorsey Margt	Martindale M	Wedding C	
Donelson	Mazz Mory E	White John M	
Dennison W	Messer N	Weave Jacob	
Dennis Mathar	Madden N	Warner A Co	
Danner Wm	Musser Wm	William John	
E	Macy W D	Wykes J W	
Eakin David	Marwen Wm	Wilkinson J	
Edversey H	Modrhead W T	Wheeler Mrs	
Eakin John	McIntosh, A	Wolford Mag	
Ellis Jane	McClelland, A	Whitehouse M	
Eisenbeis M	McGeary, F	Williard Mary	
F	McKinsey, G	Wall Mith	
Fetter Chas	McNaughton, S	Walker M	
Fawcett Emar	McCres, Sam	Wahlnur M	
Fowler Frank	McClelland, M	Wilson Wm	
Fort H	McKain, Mary	Walcott Wm	
Frazer Nettie	McGill, Mag	Wallas R C	
G	McNight, San	Wall Robt	
Gibson Alex	McAlpin, Wm	Young Lewis	
Grabinz Carrie	McEldowney R	W J F	

From and after first of April, the Post Office will be opened at 7½ a. m., and close at 6½ p. m.—half an hour later than through the winter.

SAMUEL RIDDLE, Postmaster.

RIVER NEWS.

ARRIVALS.

Grey Eagle...Gordon.....Parkersburg.
Ida Rees No. 2 Rees .....Oil City.
Leclaire.....Kelley.....Oil City.
Miner.....Porter.....St. Louis.

DEPARTURES.

Leni Leoti....Hamilton ....Parkersburg.
Echo .....Gordon.....Oil City.
Revenue.....Kerr.....Portsmouth.

BOATS LEAVING TO-DAY.

Citizen.....Hare.....St. Louis.

RIVER, WEATHER, ETC.

The river is falling slowly, with less than nine feet in the channel by the Monongahela marks, while the Allegheny marks indicate ten feet. There has again been quite a change in the weather. It become quite cloudy on Thursday night, and towards morning rain fell pretty freely, and should it continue, we may soon expect another rise in our rivers.

There has not been a single arrival from below, aside from the regular packets, since our last report. The Armenia, Capt. McCallum, from New Orleans, is due, and will probably arrive to-day.

The Miner, Capt. J. H. Porter's new boat, was the only departure—she cleared for St. Louis. The Parkersburg packets arrived and departed on time.

Business continues dull at the wharf, the offerings of freight for all points being very light, and what is worse than all, the indications for any immediate improvement, are by no means encouraging.

The Citizen, Capt. Hare, did not get off for St. Louis, as expected, last evening, but she will leave to-day at noon without fail, and passengers and shippers should bear this fact in mind. The Argonaut No. 2, Capt. Richmond, is next in turn after the Citizen.

The Columbia, Capt. Porter, is next on the list for the Upper Mississippi, and she will be ready to leave on Monday or Tuesday.

The Financier, Capt. Darragh, is still filling up slowly for New Orleans.

The Kate Robinson, Capt. Robinson, is announced for Missouri River and intermediate points forthwith. She will be followed by the Nile, Capt. Haslett.

The Armenia left Cincinnati for Pittsburgh on Wednesday, and the Glasgow and Leonidas were advertised to follow on Thursday.

The St. Louis *Republican* of Thursday says:

Notwithstanding the disagreeable weather yesterday, business was very good, considering the reports from other ports. We may say that from Pittsburgh, Cincinnati, Louisville and New Orleans, we have accounts of the very worst kind.

The Cincinnati *Times* of the 24 says:

Business is about dry, and most of the channels are nearly exhausted. A dray arrived on the levee yesterday, and fifteen boats were ready to receive it; but only one got it by paying part of the freight and